Anne wrote:
> To convert everything to a [3,3] array just use the REFORM function, ie
> arr=reform(arr). This will get rid of and redundent dimensions.
> Actually I find it more annoying when the [3,3,1] array gets converted
> to a [3,3] array since that is usually harder to deal with!

Thanks :-)

For me, the most annoying thing is the inconsistency. If all gave a
{3,3,1} array (permute as necessary), then there'd be less of a problem.
However to my mind, it would still be better to return [3,3] every time,
as happens in Fortran. For example, what if the next time I had a
[3,3,3,3] array, and wanted to hand off the 2D slice [1,*,2,*] for analysis?

Richard