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Subject: Re: New Image Processing Routines  
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 24 Feb 2006 05:48:14 GMT  
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J.D. Smith writes:

- > Looks good, David. If you really want to impress astronomers, you might
- > add a few range compression methods:
- >
- > 1. histogram equalization (done well, is rare).

I'm not sure what "done well" means. :-)

I've implemented the algorithm for histogram matching in Gonzalez and Woods (HistoMatch) and if I give that algorithm a flat histogram (Replicate(1,256)), I get nearly the identical result as the IDL Hist\_Equal command. Certainly the shape of the resulting histogram is identical. We differ only a little bit on either end, but the results seems insignificant.

I presume that means both methods are "done well." :-)

- > 2. The ASINCH scaling, which is linear at the low end, and logarithmic
- > at the high end (which is about perfect for showing noise properties and
- > high contrast features all at once). Robert Lupton wrote such a beast
- > in IDL already:
- >
- > <http://cheops1.uchicago.edu/idlhelp/sdssidl/plotting/tvasinh.html>
- >
- > His website links to a little paper describing the method (which has
- > some very nice properties, but occasionally produces strange-looking
- > images:
- >
- > <http://www.astro.princeton.edu/~rhl/PrettyPictures/>
- >
- > The trick will be coming up with an easier way to set the 2 parameters
- > required that affect the scaling.

I've been reading this paper the past couple of days. The algorithm seems dead simple, but I don't yet have an intuitive feel for what "alpha" and "nonlinearity" mean. (Although I think I am starting to understand the latter much better than the former.) Maybe I just don't have the right images. I've downloaded the ones used in the paper and will fool around with those tomorrow. Maybe enlightenment awaits. :-)

Cheers,

David

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David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

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