
Subject: Re: How do I reduce active memory used by program?
Posted by [Ricardo Bugalho](#) on Tue, 21 Mar 2006 12:32:39 GMT
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Hello,
can you organize your program in order to break it into calculations
over small subsets of the image?
Like, calculate x,y and z for a 100x100 piece of the image, then the
next 100x100 piece and so on?

On Sun, 2006-03-19 at 12:57 -0800, eite2335@uidaho.edu wrote:

> Dear IDL community,
>
>
> I wrote a little program which calculates x, y, and z ground control
> points (gcp) for each pixel
> of an image. To do this, I am placing pitch, roll, and yaw parameters
> into a formula given by
> Hongjian and Shukai (2004)
>
> The problem I have is that my program works fine for small images e.g.
> if I do have only 100 scanlines.
> However, if I try to calculate the gcps for larger images (e.g. > than
> 5000 scanlines) the computer crashes because it uses too much active
> memory.
>
>
> I am suspecting that too much active memory is necessary for large
> images due to the therefore resulting large loops and arrays in my
> program.
>
> Since I am new to programming I do not really know how to reduce the
> active memory necessary to run the program for large images.
>
> It would be great if somebody has a suggestion, how to reduce the
> amount of active memory necessary to run this program so that the
> program can also be used to calculate gcp's for large images.
>
>
> I really appreciate your time and help with this
>
>
> Best regards,
>
> Jan
>
>
>

```

>
> .....
> ; Programmer: Jan Eitel
> ; Last update: 3-17-2006
> ; Program to calculate x, y, and z ground control points (gcp's) by
> using pitch, roll, and yaw variables provided by
> ; the inertial navigation system.
> .....
>
>
> pro easy_shift
>
> ;# of columns in the image
>
> Columns = 752
>
> ;# of rows in the image
>
> Rows = 100
>
> ;# of loops
>
> rep = (Rows-1)
>
> ;; Type in average flying height (fh)
>
> fh = 4000
>
> ;; Type in average elevation
>
> elev = 2583
>
> ;; Convert flying height and elevation to meters
>
> fh = fh*0.3048
>
> elev = elev*0.3048
>
>
> ;; Calculate flying height above sea level
>
> fhasl = fh - elev
>
>
>
> ;; Field of view (FOV) per scanline
>

```

```

> fov = 15.2483314 * (3.14159265/180)/376
>
>
> ;; Create array. Array will be used to place the calculated internal
> geometry values into
>
>
> xyz_array = make_array(3, 752, /double, value = 0)
>
>
> ;; calculate the internal geometry of the sensor:
>
> for i = 1, 376 do begin
>
>   fovsl = fov * i
>
>   x = tan(fovsl)*fhasl
>
>   y = x - xyz_array[0, i + 374]
>
>   z = fhasl/cos(fovsl)
>
>   b = 375 + i
>
>   xyz_array[0,b] = x
>
>   xyz_array[1,b] = y
>
>   xyz_array[2,b] = z
>
> endfor
>
>
>
> for i = 1, 376 do begin
>
>   b = 376 - i
>
>   c = 375 + i
>
>   xyz_array[0,b] = xyz_array[0, c] * (-1)
>
>   xyz_array[1,b] = xyz_array[1, c] * (-1)
>
>   xyz_array[2,b] = xyz_array[2, c]
>
>
>
>

```

```

>
> endfor
>
>
> ;; read in roll, pitch, yaw, xgps, ygps, zgps
>
> openr, 1, 'C:/HC/input1.txt'
>
> ins = dblarr(5, Rows)
>
> readf, 1, ins
>
>
> close, 1
>
>
> ;; i is the scanline number (starting with scanline #1)
>
>
> i = 0
>
> o = ins[0, i]
>
> w = ins[1, i]
>
> k = ins[2, i]
>
> ;; populate matrix given in Hongjian and Shukai (2004) and calculate
> gcp (ground control points)
>
> a1 = cos(k)*cos(o)
>
> a2 = -cos(k)*sin(o)*sin(w) - sin(k)*cos(w)
>
> a3 = sin(k)*cos(o)
>
> b1 = sin(k)*cos(o)
>
> b2 = -sin(k)*sin(o)*sin(w)+cos(k)*cos(w)
>
> b3 = -sin(k)*sin(o)*cos(w)-cos(k)*sin(w)
>
> c1 = sin(o)
>
> c2 = cos(o)*sin(w)
>
> c3 = cos(o)*cos(w)
>

```

```
>
> matrix1 = make_array(3, 3, /double, value = 0)
>
> matrix1[0,0] = a1
>
> matrix1[1,0] = a2
>
> matrix1[2,0] = a3
>
> matrix1[0,1] = b1
>
> matrix1[1,1] = b2
>
> matrix1[2,1] = b3
>
> matrix1[0,2] = c1
>
> matrix1[1,2] = c2
>
> matrix1[2,2] = c3
>
>
>
>
> xgps = ins[3, i]
>
> ygps = ins[4, i]
>
> zgps = fhasl
>
> matrix3 = make_array(1, 3, /double, value = 0)
>
> matrix3[0,0] = xgps
>
> matrix3[0,1] = ygps
>
> matrix3[0,2] = zgps
>
>
>
> matrix2 = xyz_array
>
>
>
>
>
>
>
```

```

>
> matrix2 = matrix2[0:2,0]
>
> matrix2 = transpose(matrix2)
>
> cf = (matrix1 ## matrix2) + matrix3
>
>
>
>
> cf_x = cf[0,0]
>
> cf_y = cf[0,1]
>
> cf_z = cf[0,2]
>
>
>
> out_x = (cf_x)
>
> out_y = (cf_y)
>
> out_z = (cf_z)
>
>
>
>
>
> for g = 1, 751 do begin
>
> matrix2 = xyz_array
>
> matrix2 = matrix2[0:2,g]
>
> matrix2 = transpose(matrix2)
>
> cf = (matrix1 ## matrix2) + matrix3
>
> cf_x = cf[0,0]
>
> cf_y = cf[0,1]
>
> cf_z = cf[0,2]
>
>
>
> out_x = [[out_x], [cf_x]]
>

```

```
> out_y = [[out_y], [cf_y]]
>
> out_z = [[out_z], [cf_z]]
>
>
>
>
>
>
>
>
> endfor
>
>
>
>
>
> for i = 1, rep do begin
>
> o = ins[0, i]
>
> w = ins[1, i]
>
> k = ins[2, i]
>
>
>
>
> ;;populate matrix given in Hongjian and Shukai (2004) and calculate gcp
> (ground control points)
>
> a1 = cos(k)*cos(o)
>
> a2 = -cos(k)*sin(o)*sin(w) - sin(k)*cos(w)
>
> a3 = sin(k)*cos(o)
>
> b1 = sin(k)*cos(o)
>
> b2 = -sin(k)*sin(o)*sin(w)+cos(k)*cos(w)
>
> b3 = -sin(k)*sin(o)*cos(w)-cos(k)*sin(w)
>
> c1 = sin(o)
>
> c2 = cos(o)*sin(w)
>
> c3 = cos(o)*cos(w)
```

```
>
>
> matrix1 = make_array(3, 3, /double, value = 0)
>
> matrix1[0,0] = a1
>
> matrix1[1,0] = a2
>
> matrix1[2,0] = a3
>
> matrix1[0,1] = b1
>
> matrix1[1,1] = b2
>
> matrix1[2,1] = b3
>
> matrix1[0,2] = c1
>
> matrix1[1,2] = c2
>
> matrix1[2,2] = c3
>
>
>
> xgps = ins[3, i]
>
> ygps = ins[4, i]
>
> zgps = fhasl
>
> matrix3 = make_array(1, 3, /double, value = 0)
>
> matrix3[0,0] = xgps
>
> matrix3[0,1] = ygps
>
> matrix3[0,2] = zgps
>
> matrix2 = xyz_array
>
>
>
>
> matrix2 = matrix2[0:2,0]
>
> matrix2 = transpose(matrix2)
>
```

```

> cf = (matrix1 ## matrix2) + matrix3
>
> cf_x = cf[0,0]
>
> cf_y = cf[0,1]
>
> cf_z = cf[0,2]
>
>
>
> out_xx = (cf_x)
>
> out_yy = (cf_y)
>
> out_zz = (cf_z)
>
>
>
> for g = 1, 751 do begin
>
> matrix2 = xyz_array
>
> matrix2 = matrix2[0:2,g]
>
> matrix2 = transpose(matrix2)
>
> cf = (matrix1 ## matrix2) + matrix3
>
> cf_x = cf[0,0]
>
> cf_y = cf[0,1]
>
> cf_z = cf[0,2]
>
>
>
> out_xx = ([[out_xx], [cf_x]])
>
> out_yy = ([[out_yy], [cf_y]])
>
> out_zz = ([[out_zz], [cf_z]])
>
>
>
> endfor
>
> out_x = ([[out_x], [out_xx]])

```

```

>
> out_y = ([[out_y], [out_yy]])
>
> out_z = ([[out_z], [out_zz]])
>
>
>
> endfor
>
>
> ;Create arrays to place x, y, z gcp into
>
>
> output_x = make_array(752, rows, / string, value = 0)
>
> output_y = make_array(752, rows, /string, value = 0)
>
> output_z = make_array(752, rows, /string, value = 0)
>
> counter = lindgen(752, rows)
>
>
>
> for i = 0, rep do begin
>
>
>
> for j = 0, 751 do begin
>
> counter1 = counter[j, i]
>
> output_x [j, i] = out_x [0, counter1]
>
> output_y [j, i] = out_y [0, counter1]
>
> output_z [j, i] = out_z [0, counter1]
>
> endfor
>
> endfor
>
>
> ;Write x gcp to file
>
>
> data = output_x
>
> ColumnHeaders=columnHeaders
>

```

```

> Filename= 'C:/HC/x_gcp.txt'
>
> width = 10000
>
> ;define delimiter
>
> Delimiter = String(9B)
>
> OpenW, lun, filename, /Get_Lun, Width=width
>
> sData = StrTrim(data,1)
>
> for i = 0, rep do begin
>
> sData[751, i] = sData[751, i]
>
> endfor
>
>
> PrintF, lun, sData
>
> ; Close the file.
>
> Free_Lun, lun
>
>
>
> ; Write y gcp to file
>
> data1 = output_y
>
> ColumnHeaders=columnHeaders
>
> Filename= 'C:/HC/y_gcp.txt'
>
> width = 10000
>
> Delimiter = String(9B)
>
> OpenW, lun, filename, /Get_Lun, Width=width
>
> sData = StrTrim(data1,1)
>
>
> for i = 0, rep do begin
>
> sData[751, i] = sData[751, i]
>

```

```
> endfor
>
>
> PrintF, lun, sData
>
> Free_Lun, lun
>
>
>
> ;Write y gcp to file
>
> data2 = output_z
>
> ColumnHeaders=columnHeaders
>
> Filename= 'C:/HC/z_gcp.txt'
>
> width = 10000
>
> Delimiter = String(9B)
>
> OpenW, lun, filename, /Get_Lun, Width=width
>
> sData = StrTrim(data2,1)
>
>
> for i = 0, rep do begin
>
> sData[751, i] = sData[751, i]
>
> endfor
>
>
> PrintF, lun, sData
>
> Free_Lun, lun
>
>
>
> END
>
```
