
Subject: Re: FFT with NaNs in an array

Posted by [Kenneth P. Bowman](#) on Thu, 20 Jul 2006 19:24:13 GMT

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In article <1153418459.663699.178520@i42g2000cwa.googlegroups.com>, adisn123@yahoo.com wrote:

> Hi,
>
> I'm trying to fourier transform a spacial domain image to frequency
> domain using FFT function in IDL.
>
> My image has quite a bit of NaNs in an array, about 5%.
>
> When I use FFT into the image, it doesn't give me any errors, but when
> I inversely fourier transform after
>
> filtering, it gives a little funky result.
>
> How do I make FFT ignore NaNs in their job or filtering?

FFTs assume no missing data. Missing data destroys the symmetry that makes the "Fast" part of FFT work.

You haven't indicated your purpose, but basically, your options are:

1) Interpolate to fill the gaps before FFTing. If your gaps are irregular, this can be tedious; and you should do some tests with known data to evaluate the effects of the interpolation. For example, take a complete image with properties similar to your data and delete 5% of the data. Interpolate the gaps and then compare the FFTs of the original and interpolated images.

2) Use a curve-fitting routine, such as REGRESS, to fit sines and cosines. (Least-squares fitting with sines and cosines is equivalent to the FFT when there is no missing data.) This is much slower than an FFT, but if your data size is not too large, you may not notice or care. If you know ahead of time that you only want to keep a few frequencies, then this could be as fast as an FFT.

Ken Bowman
