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Subject: Re: backprojection

Posted by [Wox](#) on Fri, 19 Jan 2007 09:52:32 GMT

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On 18 Jan 2007 08:49:10 -0800, "Mike" <Michael.Miller5@gmail.com>

wrote:

> Don't forget that the inverse radon transform is not the inverse  
> of forward projection. The filtered backprojection is the  
> inverse. Filtered backprojection generally proceeds by four  
> steps: 1) calculate the Fourier transform of the projection data,  
> 2) apply the appropriate filter, 3) calculate the inverse Fourier  
> transform to get filtered projections, 4) backproject the  
> filtered projections to get an image.

<snip>

> ;; apply the filter to each row of the sinogram

> FOR a = 0,Nangles-1 DO BEGIN

>   row = sgplane[\*,a]

>   ftrow = FFT(row)

>   ftfilteredrow = ft\_filter \* ftrow

>   filteredrow = FFT(ftfilteredrow, /INVERSE)

>   sgplane[\*,a] = filteredrow

> ENDFOR

<snip>

To clarify: the filter shown is similar to the RamLak filtering in  
real space (using convolution instead of multiplication) on Mark  
River's web-site:

[http://www-fp.mcs.anl.gov/xray-cmt/tomo\\_filter.htm](http://www-fp.mcs.anl.gov/xray-cmt/tomo_filter.htm)

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