Subject: Re: Why does IDL strip unary dimensions from structure elements?
Posted by steinhh on Fri, 27 Oct 1995 07:00:00 GMT
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In article <308FD223.167E@grossc.gsfc.nasa.gov>, Thomas A McGlynn
<mcglynn@grossc.gsfc.nasa.gov> writes:

The problem with trailing singular array dimensions disappearing:

|> Even this is not guaranteed:
|>
|> a={e:intarr(1,1,1)}
|> help,a,/str yields:
|>
|> ** Structure <40014f08>, 1 tags, length=2, refs=1:
|> E INT Array(1)
|> I.e., it got rid of some of the dimensions but not all. Nor can I use
|> reform to fix a structure element. It's a mess. Has anyone mentioned
|> this to RSI?
|>

I tried to start a discussion on this a couple of months(?) ago, but
there wasn't much response. Probably because people seldom come across
the problem in everyday use. Once you notice it, though, it's terribly
bothersome, adding a great deal of complexity to the otherwise very
simple array operations. Since we have a simple way of removing (all)
singular dimensions (REFORM), why can't we keep them unless told
otherwise!

There's one "good" thing about it: The possibility of indexing
everything with an extra zero does compensate a little for the
other "feature".

If we have, e.g.,

```
a=intarr(10,1,1)
help,a
a           INT       = Array(10)
```

Then the following will not be an error, and it will produce correct
results:

```
element = a(10,0,0)
```

So long as you're indexing your array with legal values for the indices
(i.e., zero for all singular dimensions), then you get what you expect.
It's "just" a matter of not letting your program be confused about it :-)