Subject: Re: TRIANGULATE. Finding contiguous cells efficiently?
Posted by Wox on Thu, 01 Mar 2007 14:39:58 GMT

This just puts two 32bit numbers in one 64bit number. The lowest value
is stored in the lower-order dword and the highest in the HO DWORD.
Without the '<' and '>', edge [a,b] wouldn't be the same as edge
[b,a].

No I see there is a mistake :-). It must be
c=(a>b) or ishft(long64(a<b),32)

On 28 Feb 2007 17:11:39 -0800, "Libertan" <tbethell@umich.edu> wrote:

> I'll give c=(a>b)+ishft(long64(a<b),32) a try. Sounds like something
> worth understanding.