
Subject: Re: Yet again, The Sky is Falling!
Posted by [yp](#) on Thu, 08 Mar 2007 19:11:42 GMT
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On Mar 8, 6:22 pm, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

> yp writes:
>> Why is such discrepancy? In my problem the accuracy after 3rd decimal
>> point is not so important, however, after seeing the results I lose
>> confidence on IDL's capability on Real number arithmetic!
>
>> May be I am missing something?
>
> Well, maybe because I can't see it, but I'm immediately
> suspicious of what is going on in OPERATION. If you
> perform these two calls in the opposite order do you
> get the same result? That is, do you know for a fact
> that A, B, and F are not changing? (You have compared
> them before and after?)
>
> If it was some other number, perhaps, but zero!? It seems
> to me all computers can represent 0 accurately. :-)
>
> Cheers,
>
> David
> --
> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming:<http://www.dfanning.com/>
> Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

Thanks David, for your suggestion. I am pretty sure that none of the argumet values change before or after the "Operation". And yes, the discrepancy occurs both ways...

Here is the section from my running script.

```
;-----  
PRO test_brdf  
  
wave = [412.5, 442.5, 490., 510., 560., 620., 660.] ;A (static)  
nwave = n_elements(wave) ;B (static)  
sza = 45.0D ;C (static)  
vza = 1.078D ;D (static)  
dphi = 0.0D ;E (static)  
chl = 0.03D ;F (static)  
null = 0.0D
```

```

print,'BEFORE: ', wave, nwave, sza, vza, dphi, chl
foq = (foq0 = (dblarr(nwave)))

for i=0, n_elements(chl)-1 do begin
  int_LUT, wave, nwave, 0.0D, 0.0D, 0.0D, chl[i], foq0 ;Case1
  ; int_LUT, wave, nwave, null, null, null, chl[i], foq0 ;Case2
  int_LUT, wave, nwave, sza[i], vza[i], dphi[i], chl[i], foq

  print,'AFTER: ',wave, nwave, sza, vza, dphi, chl
  help,BRDF

  print,'BRDF: ',double(foq0[*]) / double(foq[*])
endfor
END
;-----

```

```

#1
-----
IDL> test_brdf
BEFORE:   412.500   442.500   490.000   510.000
560.000   620.000   660.000
         7    45.000000    1.0780000    0.00000000
0.030000000

```

Loading f/Q table

```

AFTER:    412.500   442.500   490.000   510.000
560.000   620.000   660.000
         7    45.000000    1.0780000    0.00000000
0.030000000

```

```

f/Q:   0.087899996   0.092399998   0.10349999
0.10879999   0.11449999   0.11319999   0.11339999

```

```

BRDF:    1.0250284   1.0281385   1.0367150
1.0450368   1.0480349   1.0547704   1.0573193
FOQ      DOUBLE   = Array[7]
-----

```

```

#2
-----
IDL> test_brdf

BEFORE:   412.500   442.500   490.000   510.000
560.000   620.000   660.000
         7    45.000000    1.0780000    0.00000000
0.030000000

```

Loading f/Q table

```
AFTER:    412.500    442.500    490.000    510.000
560.000    620.000    660.000
      7    45.000000    1.0780000    0.00000000
0.030000000
```

```
f/Q:    0.087899996    0.092399998    0.10349999
0.10879999    0.11449999    0.11319999    0.11339999
```

```
BRDF:    1.0247013    1.0279051    1.0365066
1.0447065    1.0477210    1.0543894    1.0569390
FOQ      DOUBLE  = Array[7]
```

In my previous example, "Operation" = int_LUT and it does not change any of the variables during execution or after. I don't suspect that anything wrong happening inside "int_LUT". For any one case and for same combination of the arguments:- if I run the code for several times, I get same and consistent result each time. But when I switch between passing the argument by value and by variable, I see the discrepancy. Weird!
