Subject: Re: Why float is called as 'float', not 'real'? Posted by James Kuyper on Sat, 24 Mar 2007 11:56:18 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

DirtyHarry wrote:

- > Good day everyone. This sounds like a stupid question, but I became
- > just curious yesterday, and I looked up several textbooks. However, no
- > textbooks on computer language (that I have) mentioned this. So I am
- > asking to you, gurus...

>

- > We call real numbers as real in mathematics, but we call them as
- > 'floating point' in computer science, especially almost all computer
- > languages.

One of the earliest computer languages was Fortran, and it uses "REAL". I've learned a couple of dozen computer languages in my life time, but right now I'm having trouble remembering what any of them called their floating point type except for Fortran, C, and C++.

Is there any particular reason to call 'float' instead of 'real'?

Real numbers are a mathematical concept. Floating point refers to a particular limited way of representing real numbers. It's limited because:

- 1) It can only directly represent rational numbers
- 2) The non-zero numbers it can represent have a minimum size.
- 3) The finite numbers it can represent have a maximum size.
- 4) The numbers it can represent have a maximum number of significant bits.

It's named in contrast with "fixed point", where there's a fixed maximum number of digits before and after the decimal point. There are also several other ways to approximately represent real numbers, including storing seperate numerators and denominators.