
Subject: Re: Q: About reading files into an array without knowing the size.

Posted by [rivers](#) on Mon, 06 Nov 1995 08:00:00 GMT

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In article <DHMELp.JDM@news.dlr.de>, Hermann Mannstein <H.Mannstein@dlr.de> writes:

> David van Kuijk <kuijk@mpi.nl> wrote:

>> Hi

>>

>> One of the nice things of IDL is that it is possible to read whole

>> ASCII-files of data (e.g. floats) into an array in one swoop, without

>> having to go through a while loop which reads all of these numbers one by

>> one. E.g.:

>>

>> OPENR,1, "filename"

>> floatss=FLTARR(10000)

>> READF, 1, floatss

>>

>> What is not so nice is that IDL has to know exactly how many datapoints

>> there are in the file, otherwise not all the data are read, or you get

>> sth like an "End of file encountered"-error. So the size of _floatss_ in

>> the example above should be equal to the number of floats in the

>

> with

> OPENR,1, "filename"

> a=fstat(1)

> floatss=fltarr(a.size/4)

> READF, 1, floatss

>

> you will get what you want, but you have to know, what type of data "filename"

> contains.

> --

This will not work. "a.size/4" would be the number of elements in the array in a BINARY file, but the original question concerned ASCII files. In an ASCII file the number of bytes/element is not known in advance, and it may not even be the same for each array element.

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