Subject: Re: Regular expression

Posted by lasse on Fri, 04 May 2007 16:36:22 GMT

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On 4 May, 16:56, Allan Whiteford
<allan.rem...@phys.remove.strath.ac.remove.uk> wrote:
> Lasse.
> Either:
 regex='[a-zA-Z0-9]+\[[0-9]+\]'
> or:
>
 regex='[a-zA-Z0-9]{2}\[[0-9]{2}\]'
>
 depending on whether your 'bb' and '23' need to be exactly two
  characters long or not.
> Note also you may want to check whether you're matching a substring
> inside your search string or the complete string. I'm not sure what you
> want to do.
 Thanks,
> Allan
> Lasse Clausen wrote:
>> On 4 May, 16:21, FÖLDY Lajos <f...@rmki.kfki.hu> wrote:
>>> On Fri, 4 May 2007, Lasse Clausen wrote:
>>>> Hi there,
>>>> why does
>>> print, stregex('[', '[\[]')
>>> work, i.e. produce 0, whereas
>>> You are searching for \ or [ ==> found.
>>> print, stregex(']', '[\]]')
>>>> prints -1?
>>> You are searching for \ followed by ] ==> not found.
>
```

```
>>> print, stregex(']', '\]')
>>>> works (i.e. prints 0).
>>> You are searching for ] ==> found.
>>> \ loses its 'escape char' meaning in a bracket expression, and becomes an
>>> ordinary character.
>>> regards,
>>> lajos
>> mhmm, don't understand. Ok, here we go: I have a string like this
>
>> bb[23]
>
>> where bb can be any combination of alphanumerics and the number can be
>> anything. I am looking for the regular expression that will match the
>> whole thing. My first idea was (at the moment I am not bothered about
>> the order of the different parts):
>> regex = '[a-zA-Z0-9\[\]]+'
>> but alas!
>> print, stregex('bb[23]', regex)
          4
>>
>> What?! And any combination of omitting or changing the \ character
>> will result in either IDL complaining about non-balanced brackets, a
>> match at position 4 or it won't match.
>
>> Help?
>> Cheers
>> Lasse
Thanks for the reply. I realized that I could do it the way you
(Allan) proposed, without including the brackets in the character
group, but I was being more academic and looking for a way to include
them in the character group. The following works
```

```
print, stregex('bb[23]', '[][0-9a-b]+', length=length) & print, length
       0
       6
```

however, order is, not surprisingly, essential:

print, stregex('bb[23]', '[[]0-9a-b]+', length=length) & print, length

-1

Cheers Lasse