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Subject: Re: the NaN effect :-|

Posted by [Paolo Grigis](#) on Tue, 12 Jun 2007 16:42:59 GMT

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metachronist wrote:

> On Jun 13, 12:59 am, Paolo Grigis <pgri...@astro.phys.ethz.ch> wrote:

>> metachronist wrote:

>>> [...]

>>> IDL's docu says:

>>> <snip from IDL ref guide: Page 1269/4090>

>>> If the MAX function is run on an array containing NaN values and the

>>> NAN keyword is not set, an invalid result will occur.

>>> </snip>

>>> The same is said for MIN also.

>>> So the result (OPS with MIN/MAX) is directly proportional to the

>>> number of NaN's we eat? er, add to the array? :P

>>> So what is right and what is wrong? Enlighten, please.

>> Why do you expect an "invalid" result to make sense?

>>

>> Ciao,

>> Paolo

>>

> Paolo,

> I know the right way to do is include the NaN keyword, but minus the

> keyword, shouldn't it fail even with single 'NaN' in the array, per

> the documentation? That's what I was wondering. I mean the min and max

> values were "valid" in the first two cases? Am I making sense?

Well, my point was that if something is declared as "invalid", it does not means "it is always wrong", rather that "it is \*not\* always right", and therefore one should treat \*all\* the results as suspect to be on the safe side (of course this is a simple example, in other cases it may be less obvious).

Of course it is nice to know the rationale (see Lajos' post).

Ciao,

Paolo

> /rk

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