
Subject: reading binary files

Posted by [Vince Oliver](#) on Tue, 19 Jun 2007 07:49:17 GMT

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Hi All,

I write first time here. I have a problem with reading out binary files written in Linux/FORTRAN. I tried several things but without positive result. I would like to hear your opinion and any idea to solve it is very-very wellcome :)

The binary file contain 100000 spectra (2 column X 7323 lambda-point). In FORTRAN it is written like

```
niw=7323
close (61)
open (61,file='spectra2.bin', status='unknown', form='unformatted')
write
(61) (wl(i), fprop(i), i=1,niw)
```

I made spectra10.bin file with first 10 spectra to try reading out. I will copy-paste several starting and ending rows of first two spectra here to know what numbers we should expect.

firts:

```
91. 2.0477294E-23
94. 5.73141842E-23
96. 1.12217811E-22
...
360000000. 2.11874862E-22
```

second:

```
91. 2.3658085E-12
94. 4.20825007E-12
96. 6.12436013E-12
...
360000000. 1.0040658E-21
```

#####

Firest try was using Assoc function. It was somehow natural choice since the number of spectra is large. So:

```
data = 'c:\users\spectra10.bin'
spectra = Assoc(lun, Fltarr(2,7323))
aSpectra = spectra[0]
print, aSpectra[0,0],aSpectra[1,0]
```

```

print, aSpectra[0,7322],aSpectra[1,7322]
print
aSpectra = spectra[1]
print, aSpectra[0,0],aSpectra[1,0]
print, aSpectra[0,7322],aSpectra[1,7322]

```

The outout is

```

8.20937e-041    91.0000
1.07971e-021 3.60000e+008

2.11875e-022 8.20937e-041
2.57653e-020 2.40000e+008

```

It was clear that I should put an offset keyword in Assoc like spectra = Assoc(lun, Fltarr(2,7323),4). The output in this case is:

```

91.0000 2.04773e-023
3.60000e+008 2.11875e-022

8.20937e-041 8.20937e-041
2.40000e+008 5.08605e-021

```

So the 1st spectrum is properly read out but the second not. It seems that there is an offset between each spectra. How to read out spectra properly in this case?

```
#####
```

The second try was

```

data = 'c:\users\spectra10.bin'
Openr, lun, data, /Get_Lun;, /F77_UNFORMATTED
data = Fltarr(2,7323,10)
skip = READ_BINARY(lun, DATA_DIMS = 0, DATA_START = 0, DATA_TYPE = 4)
ReadU, lun, data
Close, lun
Free_Lun, lun
print, data[0,0,0], ' ', data[1,0,0]
print, data[0,7322,0], ' ', data[1,7322,0]
print
print, data[0,0,1], ' ', data[1,0,1]
print, data[0,7322,1], ' ', data[1,7322,1]

```

with the same result

```
91.0000  2.04773e-023
3.60000e+008  2.11875e-022
```

```
8.20937e-041  8.20937e-041
2.40000e+008  5.08605e-021
```

I had to quit from this option since if I put data =
Fltarr(2,7323,100000) then I have this error message "Unable to
allocate memory: to make array". But ok, I can overcome this by
splitting binary files into peaces.

```
#####
```

this work perfectly but I need 83 days for reading out all 100000
spectra :)

```
nlam = 7323
nmod = 100
```

```
;define arrays
lam = fltarr(nmod,nlam) & flux = fltarr(nmod,nlam)
```

```
;for each model
step=4l
for imod = 0, nmod-1 do begin
  for ilam = 0, nlam-1 do begin
    lam[imod,ilam] = READ_BINARY(unit, DATA_DIMS = 0, DATA_START =
step, DATA_TYPE = 4)
    flux[imod,ilam] = READ_BINARY(unit, DATA_DIMS = 0, DATA_START = step
+4, DATA_TYPE = 4)
    step=step+8
  endfor
endfor
```

```
#####
```

What is you opinion? How to read spectra out properly? Any ideas?
Similar experiences? Copmpressed, spectra10.bin file is only about 1/2
MB large so if it is easier to one to try I can send it.

Well...thanks in advance
oliver
