Subject: Re: Randomize array order Posted by Allan Whiteford on Fri, 27 Jul 2007 12:03:34 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Conor wrote:

> Hi everyone!

>

- Anyone know an efficient way to randomize an array (I have a
- > sorted array that I want unsorted). Initially, I tried something like
- > this:

>

- > array = findgen(1000000)
- > unsort = array[sort(randomu(seed,1000000))]

>

- > It works, but sorting on a million elements is rather slow. Anyone
- > know a faster way?

Slightly different point and probably a bit academic:

If you have a million elements then you have 1000000! (i.e. one million factorial) different ways to re-order the data. However, your seed is a 4 byte integer which can only take 2^32 different values.

Some messing about suggests that:

1000000! =~ 10^5568636

which means there are ~ 10^5568636 different ways to re-arrange your elements as opposed to the 4 x 10⁹ values your seed can take.

Thus, using any of the algorithms suggested you're only going to sample

10^-5568625 %

of the possible values. This is a really small number. It means that no matter how hard you try and how many times you do things you'll never be able to access anything but a tiny number of the possibilities without doing multiple shufflings - I think it's something like 618737 sub-shufflings (i.e. 5568636 / 9) but that could be wrong. However, that requires producing 618737 seeds per major-shuffle (and you can't use a generator based on a 4 byte seed to produce these seeds).

But, since you're only going to be running the code 1000-10,000 times (which is much smaller than 4e9) I guess everything will be ok. I don't know if anyone has studied possible correlations of results as a function of the very small number of seeds (compared to the data), whatever random number generator is used and the shuffling method.

| Presumably they have and presumably everything is ok. Does anyone know? |
|---|
| Thanks, |
| Allan |
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| Page 2 of 2 Generated from comp.lang.idl-pvwave archive |