Subject: Socket server in > IDL 6.3 Posted by Robbie on Fri, 27 Jul 2007 00:23:22 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

I've been mucking about with the undocumented feature of SOCKET, / LISTEN in IDL.

Copying the synopsis from a previous post last year

```
> ;; First create a socket, but market it as a listener.
> ;; socket, <lun>, port, /listen
>
> Socket, 1, 8081, /listen
>
> ;; Then accept a connection on this socket.
> ;; This will listen on the above port (8081).
> ;; This blocks until a connection is made
> ;; Socket, <lun 2>, accept=lun
>
> Socket, 2, accept=1
>
> ;; Once the above routine returns, you can read and write
> ;; the socket that accepted the connection. In this example,
> ;; using lun 2.
> printf, 2, 'cow'
> data= "
> readf, 2, data
>
> ;; when complete, just close the units.
```

I've found that FILE\_POLL\_INPUT is absolutely essential in setting up a socket server. FILE\_POLL\_INPUT has difficulties when you mix listening and connected LUNs, although you can check each separately by using the TIMEOUT=0 keyword.

I've come across a difficult bug. I want to read at least 100K chunks of data over the incoming stream. READU produces a runtime error if the operation blocks. The server seems to work for a while, and then it suddenly stops and produces the "OPERATION BLOCKS" error. If I exit from IDL and come back in, the server seems to work ok again. When the error occurs the (FSTAT(lun)).TRANSFER\_COUNT is set to something like 630k and this is the exact same number every time the error occurs regardless of the size of the chunks of data.

Has anyone else had this experience?

Robbie

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