Subject: Re: Bug in SWITCH - ELSE: statement?
Posted by Paul Van Delst[1] on Thu, 11 Oct 2007 16:27:44 GMT
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Jean H wrote:
```

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>> You brought up something interesting (to me anyway.) If you place
```

- >> the
- >> ELSE earlier in the SWITCH statement, then everything below it is
- >> executed. If you do the same for a CASE statement then only then
- >> ELSE is executed. It never occurred to me until I saw your post
- >> that it was possible to place the ELSE anywhere but at the end.

>

> This is useless and can bring serious headaches...

>

- > Both the Case and Switch run from the 1st condition to the last one...
- > so anything you write below the "else" will never (Case) or always
- > (Switch) be executed... then there is no need for a Case or Switch
- > anymore! ... just delete (Case) your code or write it outside of the
- > Switch block!

Goodness.... I never even thought of that. Why on Earth should the order of the case selectors matter in a CASE construct? I just wrote:

```
pro test_case, number
case number of
else: print, 'I do not like this number!'
1: print, '1 is a good number'
2: print, '2 is even better'
3: print, '3 is weird looking'
endcase
end
```

IDL> .run test\_case
% Compiled module: TEST\_CASE.
IDL> test\_case, 1
I do not like this number!
IDL> test\_case, 3
I do not like this number!
IDL> test\_case, 2
I do not like this number!
IDL> test\_case, 1000
I do not like this number!

That is just ridiculous behaviour.

The Fortran95 equivalent:

```
program test_case
  integer :: number
  write(*,'(/,"Enter a number:")',advance='no')
 read(*,'(i10)') number
  select case (number)
   case default
    write(*,*) 'I do not like this number!'
   case (1:3)
    write(*,*) number,' is a good number!'
  end select
end program test_case
doesn not depend on the order of the "CASE"s:
Inx:scratch: If95 --f95 test_case.f90
Encountered 0 errors, 0 warnings in file test_case.f90.
Inx:scratch: a.out
Enter a number:3
3 is a good number!
Inx:scratch: a.out
Enter a number: 1000
I do not like this number!
Inx:scratch: a.out
Enter a number:2
2 is a good number!
that is what I would expect to happen. Seems like the IDL case construct cribs code from
the switch construct. Tsk tsk.
cheers,
paulv
```