Subject: Re: Writing a very large file

Posted by pgrigis on Fri, 07 Dec 2007 20:39:03 GMT

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Hi Wayne, I don't see this effect on my Mac...

Ciao, Paolo

```
0
     0.47319698
1
     0.86947393
2
     1.3010280
3
     0.88083601
4
     0.90536904
5
     0.87050986
6
     1.1563799
7
     1.3074460
8
     0.86915302
9
     0.90732503
10
     0.87124896
11
      1.3134921
12
     0.87872696
13
     0.88537407
14
      1.2747021
15
     0.88525605
16
     0.87100291
17
     0.89240909
18
     1.3015611
19
     0.89991498
```

0.88492012

20

```
wlandsman wrote:
> I am writing a sequence of images to a single very large file on my
                   I find that the processing dramatically slows down
> Linux system.
> after the first few images.
                               The simplified code looks like the
> following:
>
> pro test
> ; Display the time required to write a series of image to a single
> large file
> im = intarr(4096,4096)
> t = systime(1)
>
> close,1 & openw,1,'test.dat'
> for i=0,20 do begin
> writeu,1,im
> print,i,systime(1)-t & t = systime(1)
```

```
> endfor
> close,1
> return
  IDL> test
      0
           0.22054195
      1
           0.26708603
>
      2
           0.35127902
>
>
      3
           0.37285185
      4
           3.3877730
>
      5
           6.1666460
>
      6
            6.1697872
>
      7
            6.2481630
>
>
> So the first four images take ~0.3s each to write, while subsequent
> images require more than 6 seconds each. I suspect that the slowing
> down is due to IDL (or the OS) needing to extend the file size. (I
> checked that it is not a memory usage problem.)
> things would speed up if I could specify the final file size at the
> beginning -- perhaps there is a way to do this in Unix?
> experimented with the BUFSIZE and RAWIO keywords to OPENW but so far
> without any improvement.
>
> Thanks for any suggestions, --Wayne
```