
Subject: Re: Is there a quick way to find the intersection of two lines?

Posted by [ben.bighair](#) on Tue, 05 Feb 2008 14:00:31 GMT

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On Feb 5, 3:24 am, eyuc...@gmail.com wrote:

> On Feb 4, 4:33 pm, "ben.bighair" <ben.bigh...@gmail.com> wrote:

>

>> On Feb 4, 7:08 pm, eyuc...@gmail.com wrote:

>

>>> Hi there,

>

>>> I have two sets of x-y data:

>>> x1=[1,2,3,4,5] y1=[3.2,7.4,8.2,9.3,7.9];

>>> x2=[1.2,1.4,2.3,2.8,3.3,3.9,4.1,4.5,5.2]

>>> y2=[3.1,5.2,6.2,7.3,7.5,8.6,9.6,8.7,7.4];

>

>>> By running:

>>> plot, x1, y1

>>> oplot, x2, y2

>>> we can clearly see that there are four intersections, but it is not

>>> clear what are the x,y coordinates of these points.

>

>>> Is there an easy way to do it? Thank you very much.

>

>> Hi,

>

> Thank you very much. I think I do understand how to find the

> intersection of two lines in principle, but actually doing it requires

> some details such as narrowing down the interval that the two lines

> intersect, counting intersection points, allocating memory to store

> the points and finally solving them.

>

> I just wonder if there are pre-made subroutines, since this is really

> a job we often do. If there are none, I'll try to make one...

>

>> You might want to check out Paul Bourke's great online tidbits about

>> geometry.

>

>> <http://local.wasp.uwa.edu.au/~pbourke/geometry/>

>

>> I have been chipping away at coding some of the algorithms he

>> describes into IDL, but have been easily sidetracked. You're welcome

>> to use what I have (mostly documented) as a starting point. My

>> implementations come with zero warranty...

>

>> www.tidewater.net/~pemaquid/pb.zip

>

Hi,

I think the routines you are looking for might be found in the pb.zip collection I shared. You might need to work them in a sequence testing each segment of polyline A against polyline B, but the functions are all there.

Cheers,
Ben
