Subject: Re: array concatenation in 2-D Posted by elwood on Wed, 09 Apr 2008 01:19:27 GMT

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On Apr 4, 2:31 pm, Jean H < ighas...@DELTHIS.ucalgary.ANDTHIS.ca>
wrote:
> elwood wrote:
>> I have a loop which calculates two variables x[i] and y[i]
>> At each iteration of the loop I calculate
>> x and y
>> And I'd like to concatenate x and y into a 2 column, unknown numbers
>> of rows
>> output array.
>> I'd like to dynamically grow the output array at each interation.
>> For example:
>> x=1 y=5 on first iteration
>> x=2, y=6 on 2nd iteration
>> I want an output array that looks like the below:
>
>> 1
         5
         6
>> 2
>> How do i achieve this without knowing the array size??
>
>> Tx!
>> -Elisha
>
> Elisha,
> You can concatenate the arrays, as you suggest:
>
> a = [[1,2],[3,4]]
> a = [[a],[5,6]]
> help,a
> ==>A INT = Array[2, 3]
> However, if you have many elements, this can be very resources
> consuming. Another option is to create a "big" 2*n array, to
> progressively fill it, to keep a counter on the number of entries, and
> finally to cut what you haven't used.... and similarly, if your array is
> not big enough, add a large number of rows and keep filling them (use
> the same concatenation method as above)
>
> Jean
```

Alas, this is a form of concatenation, but it does not produce the required results.

I need to concatenate by COLUMN, not row.

If I code the concatenation you show, it produces: column 1:
1 2
3 4
5 6

Whereas I need it to paste the columns together such that I get 1 3 5

1 3 5 2 4 6

To be specific, each iteration of the loop I calculate new values of x and y I want to do the following, but using concatenation outputarry[0,0]=x1 outputarry[1,0]=y1

next iteration outputarry[0,1]=x2 outputarry[1,1]=y2

to get a final array where x values are in column 0 y values are in column 1