

Subject: Re: EXPAND.PRO - needed by CONTTW.PRO

Posted by [zawodny](#) on Fri, 11 Sep 1992 19:53:05 GMT

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Well it was trivial to implement and results in a cleaner code so here is the new version of EXPAND. It is fast but my test cases were not too slow to begin with.

Joseph M. Zawodny (KO4LW) NASA Langley Research Center
zawodny@arbd0.larc.nasa.gov MS-475, Hampton VA, 23681

;+
; NAME:
; EXPAND
; PURPOSE:
; Array magnification (CONGRIDI like except that this really works!)
; CATEGORY:
; Z4 - IMAGE PROCESSING
; CALLING SEQUENCE:
; EXPAND,A,NX,NY,RESULT [,MAXVAL=MAXVAL,FILLVAL=FILLVAL]
; INPUTS:
; A Array to be magnified
; NX Desired size of X Dimension
; NY Desired size of Y Dimension
; Keywords:
; MAXVAL Largest good value. Elements greater than this are ignored
; FILLVAL Value to use when elements larger than MAXVAL are encountered.
; Defaults to -1.
; OUTPUTS:
; RESULT Magnified Floating point image of A array (NX by NY)
; COMMON BLOCKS:
; NONE
; SIDE EFFECTS:
; NONE
; RESTRICTIONS:
; A must be two Dimensional
; PROCEDURE:
; Bilinear interpolation.
; Not really fast if you have to swap memory (eg. NX*NY is a big number).
; OK Postscript users don't forget that postscript pixels are scaleable!
; MODIFICATION HISTORY:
; Aug 15, 1989 J. M. Zawodny, NASA/LaRC, MS 475, Hampton VA, 23665.
; Aug 26, 1992 JMZ, Added maxval and fillval keywords.
; Sep 10, 1992 JMZ, converted to use INTERPOLATE function (tnx Wayne!)
; Please send suggestions and bugreports to zawodny@arbd0.larc.nasa.gov
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pro EXPAND,a,nx,ny,result,maxval=maxval,fillval=fillval

s=size(a)
if(s(0) ne 2) then begin
  print,'EXPAND: *** array must be 2-Dimensional ***'
  retrall ; This will completely terminate the MAIN program!!!
endif

; Get dimensions of the input array
ix = s(1)
iy = s(2)

; Calculate the new grid in terms of the old grid
ux = (ix-1.) * findgen(nx) / (nx-1.)
uy = (iy-1.) * findgen(ny) / (ny-1.)

; Are we to look for and ignore bad data? (can't use KEYWORD_SET here)
if(n_elements(maxval) eq 0) then begin
; NO
  result = interpolate(a,ux,uy,/grid)
endif else begin
; YES then calculate the indicies and u-arrays
  mx = long(ux)<(ix-2)
  my = long(uy)<(iy-2)
  uxa = ux # replicate(1,ny)
  uya = replicate(1,nx) # uy

;Index vectors to A and RESULT arrays
  mxy = (mx # replicate(1L,ny)) + (replicate(long(ix),nx) # my)
  ind = lindgen(nx,ny)

; Fill RESULT with fill value, defaulting to -1 if none specified
  if(n_elements(fillval) le 0) then fillval = -1.
  result = replicate(fillval,nx,ny)

; Remove those elements which would be utilizing "bad" values from A
; Check lower left
  m    = where(a(mxy) le maxval,num)
  if(num eq 0) then goto,out
  mxy  = mxy(m)
  ind   = ind(m)
; Check lower right
  m    = where(a(mxy+1) le maxval,num)
  mxy  = mxy(m)
  ind   = ind(m)
; Check upper left
  m    = where(a(mxy+ix) le maxval,num)
  mxy  = mxy(m)

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ind = ind(m)
; Check upper right
m = where(a(mxy+(ix+1)) le maxval,num)
mxy = mxy(m)
ind = ind(m)

; Interpolate only the points which will not be the fill value
result(ind) = interpolate(a,uxa(ind),uya(ind))
endelse

; Done
return
OUT: ; If we had a problem
print,'Entire input array is greater than MAXVAL, ('+strtrim(maxval,2)+'
return
end
```
