
Subject: Re: inverse gradient

Posted by [pgrigis](#) on Tue, 02 Dec 2008 15:45:56 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

erano wrote:

>> erano wrote:

>>

>>>> Oddly enough, that's the second time sparse arrays have come up in one

>>>> week!

>>

>>>> You want LINBCG, which takes as input `asparsematrix` created using

>>>> `SPRSIN`. The help pages on them are pretty decent - give them a read.

>>

>>>> -Jeremy.

>>

>>> YES, we are at the right direction.

>>> BUT my matrix is $M \times N$ (where $M=2 \times N$). when I add zeros to make it $M \times M$,

>>> and then use the `SPRSIN` to make it sparse, the solution from LINBCG is

>>> not good.

>>

>> How much is M and N?

>>

>> Paolo

>>

>>

>

> For the large array: N is between 10,000 to 800,000 and $M=N^2$.

> (actually, N is `dim_x * dim_y` of an image)

My suggestion is to operate on each line of the array separately and loop over lines and columns.

This way you only need to deal with `dim_x` by `dim_y` arrays, a much simpler problem...

Ciao,

Paolo

>

> Thanks again

>

> Eran
