
Subject: Re: regress question

Posted by [Wout De Nolf](#) on Thu, 27 Nov 2008 10:47:35 GMT

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On Thu, 27 Nov 2008 01:23:06 -0800 (PST), russ <rlayberry@hotmail.com> wrote:

> Hi
>
> I'm using multiple linear regression using the REGRESS function. This
> gives me
>
> $y = c + a_1x_1 + a_2x_2 \dots + a_nx_n$
>
> with the coefficients a_1, a_2 etc.
>
> What I want to do is the above but force the constant to be zero. ie
> find the coefficients that give the best linear fit whilst the function
> goes through the origin (which it should do for physical reasons).
>
> Any ideas?
>
> Thanks
>
> Russ

You can create the design-matrix yourself and then use some factorization like LU, SVD, Cholesky, QR,... (is your linear system over/under determined?) The example below uses SVD. First it solves a system not going through the origin by REGRESS and then by SVD. Finally SVD is used for a system that goes through the origin.

```
X1 = [1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0, 16.0, 32.0]
```

```
X2 = [0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0]
```

```
X = transpose([X1,X2])
```

```
Y = 3*X1 - 4*X2 + 5
```

```
Yorg = 3*X1 - 4*X2
```

```
; Regress
```

```
result1=regress(X,Y,const=const)
```

```
result1=[reform(result1),const]
```

```
; SVD (concat. X with 1's for the const)
```

```
SVDC, [X,replicate(1,1,n_elements(Y))], W, U, V
```

```
result2=reform(SVSOL(U, W, V, Y))
```

```
; SVD (origin)
SVDC, X, W, U, V
result3=reform(SVSOL(U, W, V, Yorg))
```

```
print,'Regress: ',result1
print,'SVD: ',result2
print,'SVD(origin): ',result3
```
