
Subject: Re: Large Numbers

Posted by [pgrigis](#) on Fri, 06 Feb 2009 23:35:11 GMT

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Well, if you deal with very large numbers,
you can do all the computations
with the logarithm of the numbers.

Simple, no?

Ciao,
Paolo

David Fanning wrote:

> Folks,
>
> I made a big mistake and signed up for an Applied Statistics
> class this semester. Now I pretty much spend every free
> waking moment doing stats homework. :-(
>
> Anyway, for lunch today I decided to grab a sandwich and
> give my youngest some support by calculating how many
> girls he had to ask out to have an 80% chance of getting
> a date for Saturday night.
>
> I made some conservative assumptions (I learned later
> my ideas about the college social scene apply more to the
> 1970s than they do to today), and off I went writing a
> couple of short IDL programs to do the calculations for
> the Binomial and Geometry Distributions, etc. All pretty
> straightforward.
>
> But then I started getting screwy results. (This, in itself,
> is not all that unusual in this particular class. In fact, I've
> begun to consider it something of a minor miracle if I'm within
> an order of magnitude of the right answer.) But even I know
> that negative probabilities don't show up until the second
> semester. What in the world!?
>
> It turns out that the recursive function I naively wrote to
> process a factorial calculation was overflowing my long
> integers, even with a simple calculation like 20! (twenty
> factorial). Yowser!
>
> Now, of course, the formula I was using has a large
> factorial number divided by another large factorial
> number, so the *actual* number I wanted to use in the

> calculation is not that big. But it begs the question:
> what strategy do computer scientists use to deal with
> one very, very big number divided by another very, very
> big number?
>
> I've solved my immediate problem for my little toy problem
> by using LONG64 variables. But this can't be the right solution.
> Does anyone know?
>
> Cheers,
>
> David
>
>
> --
> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>
> Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")
