## Subject: Re: get LAT/LON from georef image Posted by Jean H. on Mon, 16 Feb 2009 16:13:40 GMT

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> I have another idea and I would like to know if you think it's
> correct.
> Considering the answer of Jean H. I realize that I could still use the
> ENVI routine ENVI_CONVERT_FILE_COORDINATES but in an "handcrafted"
> way:
>
> ;; transform the number of sample and line in integer value
  ns_int = fix(img_ns) ;lat
>
  nl_int = fix(img_nl);lon
>
> ;; Jean H. suggests that every pixel should be defined by a couple of
> values so I have to determine who between ns int and nl int is the
> biggest value
    IF (ns int GT nl int) THEN BEGIN
> ;; once the higher value has been defined, I could create two vector
> of the same length
       x coord=indgen(fix(img ns))
>
       y_coord=indgen(fix(img_ns))
  :; and now I can use the ENVI routine
>
  ENVI_CONVERT_FILE_COORDINATES,img_fid_open,x_coord,y_coord,l at_map,lon_map,/
> TO MAP
> ;; in order to obtain the correct dims again and knowing that, in this
> case, vector of ns (lat) is bigger than the vector of nl (lon) I have
> to cut this one to its original dimension
       lon map=lat map[0:img nl-1]
> ;; if, on the contrary, integer value of nl (lon) is bigger than the
> the one of ns (lat)
> ;; the procedure considers two vectors of the same dims vector of ns
> has
       ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
>
         IF (nl_int GT ns_int) THEN $
>
         x coord=indgen(fix(img nl))
>
         y_coord=indgen(fix(img_nl))
>
>
  ENVI CONVERT FILE COORDINATES, img fid open, x coord, y coord, l at map, lon map, /
> TO MAP
 :: and now the vector to be cut is the one of latitude
         lat_map=lat_map[0:img_ns-1]
>
       ENDELSE
> ;; finally we have the two vector of lat and lon and we can also can
> create a matrix of lat lon with the same dims of our image
>
```

```
    matrix_coord=dblarr(fix(img_ns),fix(img_nl))
    matrix_coord = [lat_map,lon_map]
    David or Jean H. what do you think about this procedure?
    thanks
    Bartolomeo (alias Titan)
```

## Bartolomeo,

Sorry for the delay in the answer... I just recovered from the flu! Ok, so there are several conceptional errors in your text.

By doing x\_coord=y\_coord=indgen(img\_ns), you would be getting the coordinate of a 45degres line starting at pixel 0;0, until the line touch the other side of the image (the diagonal of the image is the image is a square). I doubt this information can be of any help. (see below)

```
You do:
```

```
matrix_coord=dblarr(fix(img_ns),fix(img_nl))
matrix_coord = [lat_map,lon_map]
```

This would not work, for a conceptual reason: what makes you believe that the pixel size, in degrees, is the same at the top and at the bottom of your image? or, seen with a different view, that the extent of your image (again, in degrees, not in meters) is the same at the top and the bottom of your image?

If you want to have every pixel coord, you must built the X.Y coordinates of every pixels as I did in my previous post.

Jean