
Subject: Re: How to change the increment of FOR loop?
Posted by [Allan Whiteford](#) on Fri, 13 Mar 2009 13:44:55 GMT
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```
>
> On Thu, 12 Mar 2009, Allan Whiteford wrote:
>

>>
>>>
>>> On Wed, 11 Mar 2009, Hu wrote:
>>>
>>>> Hi, there
>>>> I got a question relating to the variational increment of FOR
>>>> Statement. I used the code like this:
>>>> ; ;; begin
>>>> increment =20
>>>> FOR j = 0, N-1, increment DO BEGIN
>>>>   IF a gt 0 THEN BEGIN
>>>>     ;.....
>>>>     increment=10
>>>>   ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
>>>>     ;.....
>>>>     increment=12
>>>>   ENDELSE
>>>> ENDFOR
>>>> ;; end
>>>> > But the increment have not changed according to IF... ELSE ...
>>>> statement..
>>>> What I want is to change the increment according to different
>>>> conditions. that is, if variable a is greater than 0, the
>>> increment of
>>>> the FOR loop will be 10 , not its default value 20.....
>>>> > Is there any solution to this problem?
>>>
>>>
>>> increment is evaluated only once, before the loop starts (and it is
>>> copied
>>> to a temporary variable you can not reach). You have to create a loop
>>> manually:
>>>
>>> j=0
>>> increment=20
>>> while 1 do begin
>>>
>>>   IF a gt 0 THEN BEGIN
>>>     ;.....
```

```

>>>      increment=10
>>>      ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
>>>      ;.....
>>>      increment=12
>>>      ENDELSE
>>>
>>>      j=j+increment
>>>      if j ge n then break
>>>
>>>      endwhile
>>>
>>>
>>>      regards,
>>>      lajos
>>
>>
>> Although probably something like:
>>
>> j=0
>> increment=20
>> while ((j+=increment) lt n) do begin
>>
>>     IF a gt 0 THEN BEGIN
>>         ;.....
>>         increment=10
>>     ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
>>         ;.....
>>         increment=12
>>     ENDELSE
>>
>> endwhile
>>
>> is easier to recognise as a "loop" from the point of view of
>> understanding the code later for maintenance.
>
>
> It is not the same loop :-) j starts from increment insted of 0. In this
> form you should use j=-increment.
>
> regards,
> lajos

```

Pah, details - so long as the step size is small enough the start point hardly ever matters :).

Seriously, though, good point - well made.

Corrected code posted here for future reference:

```
increment=20
j=-increment
while ((j+=increment) lt n) do begin
```

```
    IF a gt 0 THEN BEGIN
        ;.....
        increment=10
    ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
        ;.....
        increment=12
    ENDELSE
```

```
endwhile
```

although it doesn't look nearly as nice as it did I still think a loop should look like a loop to make it easier to parse with your eyes.

I guess one could use repeat...until to get rid of the above issue but that's a bit ugly - I prefer the loop construct to appear at the top.

Thanks,

Allan
