
Subject: Re: Using [XYZ]TICKFORMAT for dynamic formatting
Posted by [Mark\[1\]](#) on Thu, 21 May 2009 22:32:57 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On May 22, 9:40 am, Paul van Delst <paul.vande...@noaa.gov> wrote:
You can pass whatever data you want to your TICKFORMAT function via
the TICKFRMTDATA keyword. Thus MGH_TF_LINEAR (below) can be called as

```
...TICKFORMAT='mgh_tf_linear', TICKFRMTDATA={format: '(F0.3)', scale:  
1000}
```

and will show tick values x 1000 to 3 decimal places.

```
;+  
; NAME:  
; MGH_TF_LINEAR  
;  
; PURPOSE:  
;  
; This function is designed for use with the TICKFORMAT and  
; TICKFRMTDATA properties of IDLgrAxis. Given a real value, it  
; applies a linear transformation & returns a string representing  
; the result.  
;  
; CALLING SEQUENCE:  
; Result = MGH_TF_LINEAR(Direction, Index, Value)  
;  
; POSITIONAL PARAMETERS:  
; Direction  
; Axis direction, required by the TICKFORMAT interface but  
ignored.  
;  
; Index  
; Axis index, required by the TICKFORMAT interface but ignored.  
;  
; Value  
; The real value to be formatted.  
;  
; Level  
; Level is the index of the axis level for the current tick value  
; to be labeled. (Level indices start at 0.) This parameter takes  
; its value from the dimension of TICKUNITS.  
;  
; KEYWORD PARAMETERS:  
; DATA  
; Specify this keyword to control the linear transformation and  
; format. The keyword value should be a structure with one or more  
; of the tags "offset", "scale", "format" and "round". The default
```

```

; is equivalent to {offset: 0., scale: 1., format: "", round: 0}.

; RETURN VALUE:
; The function returns a scalar string representing:
;   output = data.offset + data.scale * input
; If data.round is set to a 'true' value then this is rounded. The
; format is controlled by data.format. If this is not supplied a
; default format is generated by MGH_FORMAT_FLOAT.

;#####
; This software is provided subject to the following conditions:
;
; 1. NIWA makes no representations or warranties regarding the
;    accuracy of the software, the use to which the software may
;    be put or the results to be obtained from the use of the
;    software. Accordingly NIWA accepts no liability for any loss
;    or damage (whether direct or indirect) incurred by any person
;    through the use of or reliance on the software.
;
; 2. NIWA is to be acknowledged as the original author of the
;    software where the software is used or presented in any form.

;#####
;

; MODIFICATION HISTORY:
; Mark Hadfield, 1999-05:
;   Written.
; Mark Hadfield, 2001-03:
;   Merged changes by George Constantinides to take advantage of
;   multi level axis of IDL 5.4
; Mark Hadfield, 2001-05:
;   Added rounding via the "round" tag in DATA. I might generalise
;   this some day.
; Mark Hadfield, 2003-01:
;   Now accepts a "floor" tag in DATA.
;-

```

```

function MGH_TF_LINEAR, direction, index, value, level, DATA=data

compile_opt DEFINT32
compile_opt STRICTARR

  offset = 0 & scale = 1. & format = "" & round = 0 & floor
= 0

  if size(data, /TYPE) eq 8 then begin
    if n_elements(data) ne 1 then message, 'The DATA structure

```

```

must have one element'
  if mgh_struct_has_tag(data, 'offset') then offset =
data.offset
    if mgh_struct_has_tag(data, 'scale') then scale = data.scale
    if mgh_struct_has_tag(data, 'format') then format =
data.format
      if mgh_struct_has_tag(data, 'round') then round = data.round
      if mgh_struct_has_tag(data, 'floor') then floor = data.floor
    endif

  if n_elements(level) gt 0 then format=format[level]

  rvalue = offset+scale*value

  if keyword_set(round) then rvalue = round(rvalue)
  if keyword_set(floor) then rvalue = floor(rvalue)

  result = strlen(format) gt 0 $
    ? string(rvalue, FORMAT=format) $
    : mgh_format_float(rvalue)

; Force scalar output
return, result[0]

end

```
