Subject: Re: yet another idl memory question Posted by David Fanning on Thu, 04 Jun 2009 17:06:09 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

## Jean H. writes:

- > in which case you may want to save the
- > variable(s) to a file, free the memory (data=0B) and start processing
- > the next file.

Of course, data=0B doesn't free \*all\* the memory, and doing this many times leads, I suspect, to the memory fragmentation that is the heart of the problem. I suggest you use UNDEFINE. That really does release \*all\* the memory associated with a variable. And it elegantly indicates what the code is actually doing, too, a significant advantage for people reading your code after you have run off to the tropics with that hot financial analyst over in the head shed. :-)

http://www.dfanning.com/programs/undefine.pro

Cheers,

David

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David Fanning, Ph.D.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming (www.dfanning.com)
Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")