## Subject: Re: Faster approach for total(data, dimension) possible? Posted by wlandsman on Wed, 24 Jun 2009 11:19:08 GMT

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On Jun 24, 3:54 am, chris <rog...@googlemail.com> wrote:

- > Hi,
- > i'm looking for a faster approach to do the following:

>

- > data=rebin(dist(100),100,100,50,/sample)
- > mask=total(data,3) gt 0.

>

- > Depending on the size of data and on the hardware of the client the
- > code above runs too slow for me. I'd like to find all pixels in a
- > hyperspectral application, which bands are not zero. The result should
- > be a mask with the same 2D-dimensions as original data for further
- > processing.

My first thought was to use ARRAY\_EQUAL rather than TOTAL since ARRAY\_EQUAL(im,0) will stop computations as soon as a non-zero element is found. But as far as I know, ARRAY\_EQUAL can only return a scalar argument, which means that one would have to loop over each element of the output mask. Ugh.

But if we are forced to use TOTAL, there is no need for a double precision computation. I found a significant speedup by replacing the second line with

mask = total(data,3,/integer) GT 0

I also found a smaller speedup with the following code, which is based on the theory that mathematical operations are always quickest on byte data.

mask = total(data GT 0,/preserve\_type,3) GT 0

-Wayne