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Subject: Re: about color table

Posted by Michael Galloy on Sun, 21 Jun 2009 19:46:07 GMT

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David Fanning wrote:

> Jeremy Bailin writes:

>

>> Yeah, value\_locate is very handy for problems like this! I  
>> particularly like using it as a precursor to histogram - i.e. if you  
>> want to do something fancy using reverse\_indices but don't have  
>> uniformly-spaced bins, first use value\_locate to get integer indices  
>> and then use histogram to do the heavy lifting.

>

> All right, I'll bite. Let's see an example of this.

> Maybe you can write an article and become the JD Smith  
> of Value\_Locate. :-)

No article, but I think this is what Jeremy is talking about:

IDL> ; get some random data

IDL> d = randomu(12345678L, 20)

IDL> print, d

0.765989	0.0234537	0.589727	0.535102	0.982231
0.693016	0.328147			
0.295642	0.849918	0.592262	0.558133	0.534926
0.541119	0.594831			
0.410172	0.928598	0.161021	0.928724	0.952072
0.522173				

IDL> ; specify cutoffs

IDL> cutoffs = [0.3, 0.4, 0.8]

IDL> ; compute index of "bin" to put each value into

IDL> bins = value\_locate(cutoffs, d) + 1L

IDL> print, ind

2	0	2	2	3
2	1	0		
	3	2	2	2
2	2	3		
	0	3	3	2

IDL> ; compute histogram of bins

IDL> h = histogram(bins, reverse\_indices=r)

IDL> print, h

3	1	11	5
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IDL> ; values less than 0.3

IDL> print, d[r[r[0]:r[1] - 1]]

```
0.0234537 0.295642 0.161021
```

```
IDL> ; values between 0.3 and 0.4
```

```
IDL> print, d[r[r[1]:r[2] - 1]]
```

```
0.328147
```

```
IDL> ; values between 0.4 and 0.8
```

```
IDL> print, d[r[r[2]:r[3] - 1]]
```

```
0.765989 0.589727 0.535102 0.693016 0.592262
```

```
0.558133 0.534926
```

```
0.541119 0.594831 0.410172 0.522173
```

```
IDL> ; values greater than 0.8
```

```
IDL> print, d[r[r[3]:r[4] - 1]]
```

```
0.982231 0.849918 0.928598 0.928724 0.952072
```

Mike

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