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Subject: Re: String Array to 'regular' array?

Posted by [Barbara](#) on Tue, 04 Aug 2009 18:12:24 GMT

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On Aug 4, 11:07 am, pp <pp.pente...@gmail.com> wrote:

> On Aug 4, 2:51 pm, Barbara <med...@susqu.edu> wrote:

>

>

>

>> On Aug 4, 10:49 am, Barbara <med...@susqu.edu> wrote:

>

>>> Ok so here's the current issue. I created an average of a few images

>>> the other day, and saved the images as an .isv file. I went to use

>>> it, and realized I can't use half of the image because the numbers are

>>> zeros. So I tried to just take a few rows of the image, and I get an

>>> error every time. The image is a 1024x1024 image. But I get an error

>>> that says:

>

>>> % Attempt to subscript MF with <INT ( 123)> is out of range.

>>> % Execution halted at: \$MAIN\$

>

>>> (after I had input IDL> read2=mf[123,123] )

>

>>> Is there a way to fix this or do I have to re-average the images? And

>>> if that's the case, how do I save it next time so I can use it after

>>> having closed and reopened IDL?

>

>> I should also add that mf is a string array, I had done mf=file\_which

>> (blah blah blah))

>

> From that I do not understand what you did. What do you mean by "went

> to use it"? How did you make the isv files?

>

> Also, what is about string arrays that makes you call them not

> regular?

>

> file\_which always returns a string scalar, which is why the indexes

> you use (123,123) do not exist. It is just the path for the first file

> found matching the conditions of its arguments.

i saved the image as an isv file.. in itools i went to save as and saved the file. If lie\_which is a scalar, how do I get an array from it of the numbers that are in the image?

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