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Subject: Re: CHISQR\_CVF question. -RESOLVED  
Posted by [R.G. Stockwell](#) on Thu, 20 Aug 2009 18:39:43 GMT  
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"R.G. Stockwell" <noemail87@please.com> wrote in message  
news:h6jv18\$4cf\$1@aioe.org...

>  
> "Craig Markwardt" <craig.markwardt@gmail.com> wrote in message  
> news:cab41ca6-e1a4-4f73-851f-8b25ab0c1e58@k26g2000vbp.google groups.com...  
> On Aug 19, 4:42 pm, "R.G. Stockwell" <noemai...@please.com> wrote:  
>> "Paolo" <pgri...@gmail.com> wrote in message  
snip a lot

The upshot is, given a probability level ( or significance level) of 95%  
or 0.95 (and degrees of freedom = 2 for 1D power spectra) then the  
constant 95% significance level is given as follows:

cutoffs= CHISQR\_CVF(1-siglevel, degreesoffreedom)  
cutoffs = cutoffs\*stddeviation^2/(2\*length)

stddeviation is the standard deviation of the random time series.  
Length is the number of points in the time series.

If you plot cutoff over your power spectrum that is the 95% level.  
Therefore 5% of the points (remember to double it if you only have half the  
spectrum)  
will lie above that line, 95% below. You can input any siglevel you want.  
Also, this is normalized to fit any power spectra, invariante to # of points  
and  
to the variance of the noise.

cheers,  
bob

thanks for all the responses.

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