
Subject: Re: CHISQR_CVF question.

Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Thu, 20 Aug 2009 16:14:25 GMT

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On Aug 20, 11:21 am, "R.G. Stockwell" <noemai...@please.com> wrote:

>> "Craig Markwardt" <craig.markwa...@gmail.com> wrote in message

>> news:cab41ca6-e1a4-4f73-851f->

8b25ab0c1__BEGIN_MASK_n#9g02mG7!__...__END_MASK_i?a63jfAD\$z_
_@k26g2000vbp.googlegroups.com...

>> On Aug 19, 4:42 pm, "R.G. Stockwell" <noemai...@please.com> wrote:

>>> "Paolo" <pgri...@gmail.com> wrote in message

>

>>> basically yes, $\text{abs}(\text{fft}(\text{ts}))^2$, and comparing it to chisquare from the

>>> IDL functions.

>>> I have worked on it, but I think the result is off by a factor of 2.

>>> That is a factor of 2 too stringent.

>

> ...

>>> Perhaps you can check my understanding. If we have a 95% significance

>>> level,

>>> then if we make a spectrum with 1000 points, shouldnt 50 of them be above

>>> that 95% line?

>> Let's say we have a time series, defined like this,

>> LC = time series values (array)

>> ERR = measurement uncertainty (array) of each LC point.

>> I define the power spectrum in the following way,

>

> > POW = $\text{ABS}(\text{FFT}(\text{LC},+1))^2 * (2 / \text{TOTAL}(\text{ERR}^2))$

>

>> which is to say, it is normalized by the total variance of the time

>> series, and a factor of 2. Assuming LC is real, then really only the

>> first half of POW is independent.

>

> Well, there you go. lol. I though I had a factor of 2 missing somewhere.

> Although I need to examine that a bit more, since I do both the full + and -

> spectrum, as well as just the +. It makes sense though.

Oh, I thought the factor was 10.9 something. OK good luck!

Craig
