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Subject: Re: need help reading binary FORTRAN data

Posted by [Laura](#) on Tue, 20 Oct 2009 18:13:33 GMT

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Hi, Andy, thanks for the help.

It seems the "swap\_endian" finally worked (I don't know what happened in my last several tries). Now I only need to manually disregard the padding before and after each record since /f77\_unformatted keyword still does not work. I'll see if I can find some place to upload the file.

Cheers,

Laura

On Oct 20, 1:38 pm, Andy Heaps <a.j.he...@reading.ac.uk> wrote:

> Hi Laura,

> as you say this sounds a little strange. Do you know what type of  
> machine the file was written out on? Was it Linux, 32/64bit and was it  
> written as a FORTRAN unformatted file?

>

> I would have thought that:

> openr, ilun, filename, /get\_lun, /f77\_unformatted

> model = '1111'

> header = intarr(7)

> readu, ilun, model, header

>

> Would have read the file headers from what you've said.

>

> Could you put the file somewhere on a web server so that we could have a  
> look? If not, is there a web site you could point to where you got this  
> sort of file from?

>

> Cheers

> Andy

>

> Laura wrote:

>> Hi, I'm trying to read a binary data file (seems FORTRAN oriented)

>> into IDL, but got strange result. Maybe someone can help me to figure

>> it out here.

>

>> The file description is like this:

>

>> Record #1

>

>> \* CHAR\*4 Meteorological MODEL Identification

>> \* INT\*4 Meteorological file starting time (YEAR, MONTH, DAY, HOUR,

```
>> FORECAST-HOUR)
>>   * INT*4 NUMBER of starting locations
>>   * INT*4 Concentration packing flag (0=no 1=yes)
>
>> Record #2
>> .....
>
>> However, when I tried using following IDL code,
>
>> openr, ilun, filename, /get_lun
>> model = '1111'
>> header = lonarr(7)
>> readu, ilun, model, header
>
>> I get empty string in model, and weird long integer values in header.
>
>> Then I looked at the binary file myself and found the first 4 bytes
>> are "00 00 00 20", which seems indicating the length of "Record #1",
>> the second four bytes are "4E 41 4D 53", seems to be the model string.
>> So I use the following code
>
>> openr, ilun, filename, /get_lun
>> junk = 1L
>> model = '1111'
>> header = lonarr(7)
>> readu, ilun, junk, model, header
>
>> This time I got the string in "model" right, but the value in "junk"
>> is still strange, not the "32" as I expected. If I use a bytarr(4)
>> array to read each intr*4 value, the value I got matched what I saw in
>> the binary file (e.g., I got "0 0 0 32" for the "00 00 00 20").
>
>> Is there something between the FORTRAN int*4 and the IDL LONG needs
>> special treatment?
>
>> BTW, I also tried to open the file with a /F77_UNFORMATTED keyword,
>> but IDL complained it's a corrupted f77 unformatted file. SWAP_ENDIAN
>> doesn't work either.
>
>> Any thoughts?
>
>> Thanks,
>
>> Laura
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