
Subject: Re: IDL calculating elements in arrays plus there offsets

Posted by [Will](#) on Tue, 09 Mar 2010 14:21:15 GMT

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On 8 Mar, 16:56, Bennett <juggernaut...@gmail.com> wrote:

> On Mar 8, 11:52 am, jeanh

>

>

>

>

>

> <jghasb...@DELETETHIS.environmentalmodelers.ANDTHIS.com> wrote:

>>> Sorry for impreciseness. I don't seem to be on the ball at all today.

>>> Yeah that makes sense, and to answer your questions it is multiple

>>> images I am loading into two seperate float arrays thats 122 images

>>> for each array, so a grand total of 244 images are being loaded. The

>>> idea being to compare the mass amount of images with each other and

>>> moving the array around both in the x and y direction until the

>>> closest match is found.

>

>>> I hope that clears it up for you, as I say I am not really on the ball

>>> today.

>

>>> Thanks

>>> Will

>

>> Hi Will,

>

>> ok, I get a better idea... do you want to move all your images at the

>> same time and do the comparison, or one by one? (i.e., do you want to

>> have a shift of let's say 1;5 for the 1st image, and 85,20 for the 2nd

>> image, or do you want to move all your images by 2;5?)

>

>> Anyways, "shift" is your friend here. Be careful on the edge of the

>> images... you might want to remove the edges, as values are wrapped around.

>

>> Now, depending on the content of your images, you can do things

>> differently... like identifying a region of interest (function region),

>> then identify the point of gravity and shift your images accordingly...

>> but again, it all depends on the content of the images!

>

>> Jean

>

> Sounds like image registration is what you're really looking for...but

> I could be wrong. There are a number of image registration algorithms

> out there that work a bit more sophisticatedly to make things a bit

> easier for you. Look up IDL Fourier Image Registration...a quick

> algorithm for image registration. Using areas of interest instead of

> the whole image will generally speed things up and give you the
> required shifts using the Fourier method unless there are huge shifts
> in the x and y directions. Hopefully I'm not too far off base for
> you.<http://www.utsa.edu/lrsg/Teaching/EES5053-06/project/Cynthia.pdf>- Hide quoted text -
>
> - Show quoted text -

Hi Bennet

Thanks for the input I have got to admit I have not looked into image registration, and shall do so immediately starting with the link you sent me. Thanks again.

Will
