

---

Subject: Re: histogram and UINT

Posted by [Kenneth P. Bowman](#) on Wed, 17 Mar 2010 18:36:48 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

In article

<ab4b613a-31e0-48ab-9472-6c840fb0fafa@o30g2000yqb.googlegroups.com>,  
Jeremy Bailin <astroconst@gmail.com> wrote:

> I've discovered an interesting "feature" in histogram... I'm sure it's  
> the expected behaviour, but in this case it had a consequence that  
> bit me.  
>  
> I have some unsigned integer input data that I want to histogram. I'm  
> looking at things right around the saturation level, so most of the  
> data is exactly 65535, but I also want a bin past that. The following  
> works:  
>  
> h = histogram(data, min=65500ul, max=65535ul)  
>  
> But the following doesn't:  
>  
> h = histogram(data, min=65500ul, max=65536ul)  
> % HISTOGRAM: Illegal binsize or max/min.  
>  
> What seems to be happening is that the min/max values are cast into  
> the same data type as data, in this case giving a nonsensical max of  
> 0u. To do what I want, I need to cast data into a ULONG in this  
> histogram call... or use max=65535u and append an appropriate number  
> of 0s onto h.  
>  
> -Jeremy.

It seems logical to me that HISTOGRAM would take type information  
from the input variable, not the keywords. (The keywords are optional.)

And since integer arithmetic 'wraps around'

```
IDL> print, 65535US + 1US  
0
```

the result is to be expected.

I did notice that with IDL 7.1.1 on Mac OS X, using the U suffix  
creates a ULONG, not a UINT. This clearly contradicts the documentation.

```
IDL> help, 65U, 65US  
<Expression>  ULONG   =      65  
<Expression>  UINT    =      65
```

You have to use US to create a UINT.

Ken Bowman

---