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Subject: Re: open,/record - classification

Posted by [knipp](#) on Wed, 25 Nov 1992 11:01:07 GMT

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William Thompson (thompson@stars.gsfc.nasa.gov (William Thompson, code 682.1, x2040) writes ...

> My experience is with IDL, not PV-WAVE, but this should still hold true. You  
> can open a tape device in Unix and do I/O using READU and WRITEU. At least I  
> was able to do this with an Exabyte tape drive on a Sun. You can also spawn  
> out to the OS to send commands such as  
>  
> mt -f /dev/nrst1 fsf 1  
>  
> ...  
>  
> At one time I tried to write IDL procedures for Unix that imitated as closely  
> as possible the VMS tape utilities: TAPRD, TAPWRT, etc. I stopped working on  
> it, though, when I realized that there was no way to obtain the actual number  
> of bytes read in, as one could with the VMS routines. One place that was  
> crucial for us was in reading FITS tapes--we needed to be able to tell if the  
> tape was written using 2880 byte or 28800 byte records.  
>  
> Bill Thompson

Dear Bill,  
thank you for your answer.

I've tried OPENU together with READU/WRITEU. It worked perfectly well  
for records up to ~ 1000 bytes long.  
Unfortunately it did NOT with larger record-lengths (say 10000, 16000 or  
even 19000 bytes long - which I have to deal with).

If anybody could help me to overcome this problem (without spawning  
a command like 'dd' to the OS) I'll be very grateful.

Regarding your problem (2880 or 28800 byte records) :  
Have you tried the UNIX-command 'tcopy' ?

K.Knipp  
(Does nobody know something about classification in WAVE ?)

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