
Subject: Re: Floating point system variables on RS6000

Posted by [bowman](#) on Tue, 24 Nov 1992 16:22:03 GMT

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In article <1et89fINNIkn@rave.larc.nasa.gov>, [zawodny@arbd0.larc.nasa.gov](#)
(Dr. Joseph M Zawodny) wrote:

>
> Ken,
>
> One good reason is that IDL variables change their type "on the fly."
> If !PI or any of the others were double precision, the double precision math
> would propagate throughout the program. Those of us who do single precision
> calculations would have to FLOAT(!PI) to keep our programs single precision and
> fast.

I understand this is true on most machines, but on the RS6000 double precision is usually faster than single precision, because all single precision values must be converted to double precision for the floating point unit and then converted back. In some circumstances, double precision is slower because the cache size is effectively reduced to half as large. So `_memory_` may be a problem if intermediate results are stored in double precision, but (on the RS6000) `_speed_` is generally not a problem when working in double precision.

Since there is a `!DPI` system variable, how about a `!DDTOR` and `!DRADDEG`?
(It's OK, I'll just make one myself. Like I do in Fortran. ;-))
