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Subject: Re: Fitting an implicit function with IDL

Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Tue, 08 Jun 2010 23:47:28 GMT

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On Jun 8, 6:54 am, Gianluca Li Causi <[lica...@mporzio.astro.it](mailto:lica...@mporzio.astro.it)> wrote:

> Hi all,

> I have to find the A, B and C parameters which best satisfy (in the  
> chi-square sense) the following equation:

>

>  $A * g(x) + (W(x) + B) / (X(x) + C) = 0$

>

> where  $g(x)$  is a known function of  $x$  and  $(W \pm \sigma_W)$  and  $(Z \pm$   
>  $\sigma_Z)$  are two sets of measured data together with their measurement  
> errors.

>

> This is different from the usual form  $F(x, A, B, C) = Y$  where a function  
> of  $x$  and parameters is to be fitted to a dataset  $(Y \pm \sigma_Y)$ .

> So, how to use the various IDL fitting routines to solve this  
> problem??

I think what you really want to use is the FORTRAN library ODRPACK.

As Heinz Stege said, you can use curve fitting programs as equation solvers. I actually did an IDL workshop presentation on this very type of application. [\*]

What I am not quite sure is how you include the data uncertainties in the model.

Craig

[\*] <http://cow.physics.wisc.edu/~craigm/idl/fitting.html>

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