
Subject: Re: 2D Plot in IDL with shading?

Posted by [Ally](#) on Mon, 21 Jun 2010 19:59:57 GMT

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On Jun 21, 3:15 pm, pp <pp.pente...@gmail.com> wrote:

> On Jun 21, 3:41 pm, Ally <ally.desh...@gmail.com> wrote:

>

>

>

>> On Jun 21, 11:14 am, pp <pp.pente...@gmail.com> wrote:

>

>>> On Jun 21, 12:09 pm, Ally <ally.desh...@gmail.com> wrote:

>

>>>> Great, that's exactly what I needed! I'm working on creating it right

>>>> now. Out of curiosity, is there any way to make a graph like that in

>>>> 2D to start with, without a z-axis and just response plotted in color

>>>> vs azimuth and elevation?

>

>>> That is what would be called an image, which can be made with

>

>>> iimage,response,elevation,azimuth

>

>> I keep trying but can't seem to get isurface to graph it. I may be

>> missing something basic but I've been reading through different

>> examples and can't figure it out. Here is what I have:

>

>> rows = 5273670

>> OPENR, lun1, 'ss_raw_06.dat', /GET_LUN

>> data = DBLARR(2,rows)

>> READF, lun1, data

>> response= data(1,*)

>

>> OPENR, lun2, 'az.dat', /GET_LUN

>> data2=DBLARR(2, rows)

>> READF, lun2, data2

>> az_g= data2(1,*)

>

>> OPENR, lun3, 'sun_el_and_az.dat', /GET_LUN

>> data3=DBLARR(2,rows)

>> READF, lun3, data3

>> az_s=data3(1,*)

>> elevation=data3(0,*)

>

>> azimuth=(az_s)-(az_g)

>

>> isurface, response, elevation, azimuth

>

>> It runs fine and the iSurface tool opens, there's just nothing

```
>> graphed.  
>  
> Have you checked that the data look right? You can check the  
> dimensions with  
>  
> help,response,elevation,azimuth  
>  
> And maybe min()/max() may be useful to tell if the values seem to make  
> sense.  
>  
> You are reading all 3 arrays as 1D. You indicated above that you have  
> one response for each elevation and azimuth, which indicates that  
> response should be reformed to 2D, with the proper dimensions:  
>  
> response_2D=reform(response,nx,ny)  
>  
> Where nx is the length of the fastest-varying dimension (leftmost),  
> and ny is the other dimension. For this to be consistent with the way  
> you called isurface, the fastest-varying dimension in the file where  
> you read response from would have to be elevation, and the other would  
> be the azimuth.  
>  
> If you do not provide response as a 2D array, the itools will not know  
> the connectivity of your points, and thus will start the gridding  
> wizard, to interpolate them, guessing they were not on a regular grid,  
> which is not your case.
```

I'm sorry, now I'm even more confused. I have my 3 data sets, which are all arrays with one column and 5273670 rows. I'm trying to plot them in this 3D graph as (x,y,z) points. I understand why you're saying that I need to reform the response (hadn't thought about the connectivity before) but don't understand the fastest-varying dimension concept. I tried `reform(response, 2, 5273670)` and `reform(response, 5273670, 2)` and got an error that said 'new subscripts must not change the number elements in response' each time. What dimension am I trying to add to reform exactly?
