```
Subject: Re: REPLICATE question
Posted by dan on Wed, 16 Oct 1996 07:00:00 GMT
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In article <PAUL.96Oct15094317@skua.s2k.ucsb.edu>, paul@skua.s2k.ucsb.edu (Paul
Ricchiazzi) writes:
|>
|> In article <32636705.41C6@jmc-luni.u-bordeaux2.fr> Mario Noyon
<mnoyon@jmc-luni.u-bordeaux2.fr> writes:
|>
|>
    I would like to divide an arr1(n,n,m) by an arr2(n,n) and be able to
    obtain an array(n,n,m). I suppose there is a way to avoid the for
|>
|>
    statements.
    I had the idea to transform my arr2(n,n) in an arr2(n,n,m) where the
|>
    m-elements are all the same but REPLICATE does not work with the arrays.
|>
|>
    Does some-one have an idea that could help me?
|>
|>
|>
> how about,
|>
                         ; define "array" as an (n,n,m) array
|> array=aar1
|> ii=lindgen(n*n*m)
                           ; define "ii" as a one dimension index array
|> array=arr1(ii)/aar2(ii/m) ; "ii/m" is the correct index array for "aar2"
I don't think that will actually work, but something similar might
ii = lindgen(n*n*m)
array = arr1(ii) / arr2(ii mod (n*n))
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