
Subject: Re: IDL/DLM segmentation fault on reset
Posted by [Karl\[1\]](#) on Tue, 31 Aug 2010 14:54:59 GMT
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On Aug 30, 6:34 pm, Haje Korth <hajeko...@gmail.com> wrote:

> Hi,
> Have an interesting problem for DLM programmers out there. I have a C
> code for Linux that sets an environment variable using putenv() within
> a DLM. The code executes as designed but when I issue
> a .full_session_reset I get a segmentation fault and IDL exits
> ungracefully. I run the same code (with slightly different calling
> convention) under Windows without problems. Does anyone know why? Do I
> need some sort of exit handler for the DLM (similar to IDL_Load for
> startup)?
>
> Haje

The putenv() function just puts a pointer to the string in the environment. It does not make a copy of the string.

The full session reset unloads the DLM. Your string argument to putenv() probably resides in a static var in the DLM. The environment is just a list of pointers to strings. When the DLM got unloaded, the environment is left with an invalid pointer to a string. I can't say exactly what was going on when the segmentation fault occurred, but it is easy to imagine that some system routine running during the session reset was probably walking the environment strings and hit the bogus pointer.

You might try using setenv() instead. The setenv() function allocates heap memory for environment strings, and thus avoids the string memory from getting unallocated by a unload of a module or an automatic variable going out of scope.

It worked on Windows because Windows probably stores the environment strings differently.

Karl
