## Subject: Re: Accelerating a one-line program doing matrix multiplication Posted by rogass on Wed, 29 Sep 2010 06:57:27 GMT

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On 28 Sep., 15:10, nata <br/> <br/> dernat.puigdomen...@gmail.com> wrote:
> Concatenation is a very slow action in IDL and, if you are copying
> memory, the time of computation increases...
> If v0, v1, v2 and v3 are each of them 3-element vectors then you will
> not see the difference. TEMPORARY function is great when you are
> copying large arrays. I think you can not improve your code because
> the problem is the matrix multiplication and you can not change that.
> Try putting timers to see what's the time to compute each instruction.
>
> tt=SYSTIME(/SEC)
> aux=[[v1],[v2],[v3]]
> PRINT, SYSTIME(/SEc)-tt
>
> tt=SYSTIME(/SEC)
> aux=aux # vc
 PRINT, SYSTIME(/SEC)-tt
> etc.
>
> Cheers.
> nata
>
  On Sep 28, 2:17 am, Axel M <axe...@gmail.com> wrote:
>
>
>> On 27 Sep., 15:31, nata <bernat.puigdomen...@gmail.com> wrote:
>
>>> You can use the TEMPORARY function if you can set the input to
>>> undefined...
>>> When you do [[v1],[v2],[v3]] you are duplicating data. v1, v2 and v3
>>> are copied and you are not conserving memory.
>>> You could try:
>>> RETURN, [[TEMPORARY(v1)],[TEMPORARY(v2)],[TEMPORARY(v3)]] # vc +
>>> REBIN(v0, SIZE(vc, /DIMENSIONS))
>
>>> Cheers,
>>> nata
>> Thanks nata.
>> v0, v1, v2 and v3 are each of them 3-element vectors. I can add that
>> but, as I understand it, it will only save the place of 12 floating
```

- >> values in memory (48 bytes?).
- >
- >> But I am happy that you did not see any other obvious thing. I started
- >> feeling depressed seeing that I am not being able to improve this
- >> single line of code... maybe it is ok, and the whole thing is just
- >> slow...? ahh.

Yes, and you can substitute some of your calls:

aux #= vc (makes no copy of aux as far as i know)
invert -> la\_invert (much much speedier)
sometimes (replicate({temp:input},newsize)).(0) is faster then rebin
exchange ## with matrix\_multiply

Cheers

CR