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Subject: Re: -0.0

Posted by [pgrigis](#) on Thu, 20 Jan 2011 22:29:50 GMT

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On Jan 20, 2:22 pm, kisCA <ki...@hotmail.com> wrote:

> I like this "sky is falling" things :-)

>

> I guess that it could be a problem of precision with float...the range

> should be higher in positive value in order to have 0 on the positive

> side?

>

> Thanks!

Well yes. What happens is that when you do

```
plot,[0,0],xrange=[-0.6,0.6],xtickv=vvv
```

is that the plot range is given by

```
r=!X.crange
```

```
print,r,format='(f13.10)'
```

```
-0.60000000238
```

```
0.59999999762
```

IDL presumably uses the following formula to create 7 tick marks:

```
tickv=r[0]+(r[1]-r[0])/6.0*findgen(7)
```

```
print,tickv,format='(f13.10)'
```

```
-0.60000000238
```

```
-0.40000000238
```

```
-0.20000000238
```

```
-0.00000000238
```

```
0.19999999762
```

```
0.39999999762
```

```
0.59999999762
```

When rounded to something more useful for plots:

```
print,tickv,format='(f4.1)'
```

```
-0.6
```

```
-0.4
```

```
-0.2
```

```
-0.0
```

```
0.2
```

```
0.4
```

```
0.6
```

That's how you get the negative zero.

Ciao,  
Paolo

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