Subject: Re: Saved Visualizations Posted by SonicKenking on Sat, 05 Feb 2011 07:22:10 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

- > Well, since you are interested in noodling around with
- > save files, why don't you write a routine that can
- > allow the user to view and unpack the commands in the
- > save file?

- > There is already a preliminary "viewer" in the commands
- > LIST method. But I can see a program that "unpacks" a
- > command to produce variables at the main IDL level containing
- > all the data. Perhaps each command could be put into a
- > structure variable that was returned to the main IDL level.

>

cmd -> {p1:cmd.p1, p1:cmd.p2, ..., NLevels:cmd.extra.nlevels} >

Such a thing could be very useful because it would

> allow users to "recover" data from previous visualizations.

Hi David,

Following your suggestions, I came up with a new method for the FSC_Window_Command class for creating the command struct variable in IDL main level. It is written using the LIST method as the template.

I also added an keyword option to FSC CmdWindow::ListCommand. The method will also create the struct variable when the option is turned on.

The command struct variable has the data structure as follows: cmdStruct = {command: 'cgContour', nparams: 1, type: 0, p1: data, keywords: {nlevel: 10, fill: 1}}

I also wrote a small procedure, which takes the cmdStruct as input parameter and execute it. The struct variable can be saved as IDL source files (*.pro files) with proper output format. So it almost sounds like another way (ASCII files) for saving the visualization. It is quite interesting.

Here is the method, FSC_Window_Command::CreateCommandStruct, for create the command struct variable in IDL main level.

PRO FSC_Window_Command::CreateCommandStruct, structName, Quiet=quiet

Compile Opt idl2

```
Catch. the Error
  IF the Error NE 0 THEN BEGIN
    Catch, /CANCEL
    void = Error_Message()
    RETURN
  ENDIF
  : Struct variable name
  IF N Elements(structName) EQ 0 THEN structName='cmd'
  cmdString = self.command
  cmdStruct = Create_Struct('Command', cmdString, 'nparams',
self.nparams, 'type', self.type)
  CASE self.nparams OF
    0:
    1: cmdStruct = Create Struct(cmdStruct, 'p1', *self.p1)
    2: cmdStruct = Create_Struct(cmdStruct, 'p1', *self.p1, 'p2',
*self.p2)
    3: cmdStruct = Create_Struct(cmdStruct, 'p1', *self.p1, 'p2',
*self.p2, 'p3', *self.p3)
  ENDCASE
  IF Ptr Valid(self.keywords) THEN BEGIN
    cmdStruct = Create Struct(cmdStruct, 'keywords',
*self.keywords)
  ENDIF
  ; Copy the variable to the MAIN level
  (Scope VarFetch(structName, /Enter, Level=1)) =
Temporary(cmdStruct)
  IF NOT Keyword_Set(quiet) THEN $
    PRINT, 'Created command struct variable', structName, 'in
IDL $MAIN level.'
FND
```

Here is the modified version of FSC_CmdWindow::ListCommand for adding the option to create the command struct variable. The changes are only adding three new lines.

PRO FSC CmdWindow::ListCommand, cmdIndex, CREATECOMMANDSTRUCT=createCommandStruct

; List the commands in the command window.

Compile Opt idl2

; Error handling.

```
; Error handling.
  Catch, the Error
  IF the Error NE 0 THEN BEGIN
    Catch, /CANCEL
    void = Error_Message()
    RETURN
  ENDIF
  createCommandStruct = Keyword Set(createCommandStruct)
  ; How many commands are there?
  count = self.cmds -> Get_Count()
  IF N_Elements(cmdIndex) EQ 0 THEN BEGIN
    FOR j = 0, count-1 DO BEGIN
      thisCmdObj = self.cmds -> Get Item(j, /DEREFERENCE)
      : Preface the commands with their index number.
      thisCmdObj -> List, StrTrim(j,2) + '.'
      ; Create the command struct
      IF createCommandStruct THEN thisCmdObj ->
CreateCommandStruct, 'cmd' + StrTrim(j,2)
    ENDFOR
  ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
    IF cmdIndex LT (count-1) THEN BEGIN
      thisCmdObj = self.cmds -> Get Item(cmdIndex, /DEREFERENCE)
      ; Preface the commands with their index number.
      thisCmdObj -> List, StrTrim(cmdIndex,2) + '.'
      : Create the command struct
      IF createCommandStruct THEN thisCmdObj ->
CreateCommandStruct, 'cmd' + StrTrim(cmdIndex,2)
    ENDIF ELSE Message, 'The command index is out of range of the
number of commands.'
  ENDELSE
END
```

The last one is the small procedure for execute the command in the struct variable. Note that the winid keyword does not work. The plot always goes into a new cgWindow. I am not sure why it is the case.

PRO cgRunCmdStruct, cmd, WinID=winid

```
Compile_Opt idl2
  ; Error handling.
  Catch, the Error
  IF the Error NE 0 THEN BEGIN
    Catch, /CANCEL
    void = Error_Message()
    RETURN
  ENDIF
  void = Where(Tag_Names(cmd) EQ 'KEYWORDS', count)
  IF count NE 0 THEN extraKeywords = cmd.keywords
  CASE cmd.nparams OF
    0:
    1: cgWindow, cmd.command, cmd.p1, Method=cmd.type,
WinID=winid, _Extra=extraKeywords
    2: cgWindow, cmd.command, cmd.p1, cmd.p2, Method=cmd.type,
WinID=winid, Extra=extraKeywords
    3: cgWindow, cmd.command, cmd.p1, cmd.p2, cmd.p3,
Method=cmd.type, WinID=winid, _Extra=extraKeywords
  ENDCASE
```