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Subject: Re: Functions and arrays

Posted by [steinhh](#) on Fri, 06 Dec 1996 08:00:00 GMT

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In article <5877p7\$6gp@post.gsfc.nasa.gov>, thompson@orpheus.nascom.nasa.gov (William Thompson) writes:

|>

|>On 4 Dec 1996, Stein Vidar Hagfors Haugan wrote:

|> >> Or at least get a compile time error about the possible mixup,

|> >> something like "Error: test1 interpreted as a function in line 5,

|> >> but as a variable in line 10".

|>

|> Peter Mason <peterm@demsyd.syd.dem.csiro.au> writes:

|> >I think that this would be a good idea. It wouldn't bust any code that

|> >wasn't already hovering on the edges of "busthood", and it would catch many

|> >of the ambiguities. When requested to compile a function, IDL could stop with

|> >an error if a variable of the same name already existed. ...

|>

|> There seems to be a assumption here that the \*PROGRAMMER\* is forming an

|> ambiguity by trying to use the same name for both a variable and a function in

|> the same routine. I argue that it's \*IDL\* which is responsible for the

|> ambiguity. The situation I ran into was when the software was written in a

|> self-consistent manner--the name was intended to refer to a variable throughout

|> the routine. However, IDL on its own decided to sometimes interpret the call

|> as a variable (correct) and sometimes as a function (incorrect), depending on

|> what applications were started first in the IDL session.

Just to clear up any misunderstandings: I do not see this in any way as a \*programmer\* error. It is a \*compiler\* error. My preferred solution was exactly the same as you state, Bill:

|> The correction to this is quite simple. If a name is used for a variable in a  
|> subroutine, then it refers to that variable throughout that subroutine. The

The reason I included other options for minimizing (though not eliminating) the problem is that a rewrite of IDL's compiler procedures might be too complicated to appear any time soon (version 6? or 7?). Consider the following:

```
pro compiler_trouble
```

```
  while n_elements(value) eq 0 do begin
    if n_elements(dummy) eq 0 then begin
      value = arr(0)
    end
```

```
    dummy = 1
    arr = fltarr(5)
  endwhile
```

end

and couple that with the possible existence of a function "arr".

Although the definition (or lack thereof) of IDL as a language does not create any problems in resolving the conflict in the only reasonable fashion (always interpreting arr as a variable inside pro compiler\_trouble), I fear that the current IDL compiler is not up to that task without at least some medium-sized rewrite.

So, in case the only decent thing cannot be done soon, I'd like to see *\*something\** done about the problem, as a temporary solution.

Including both a "forward\_variable" statement *\*and\** a compiler message about a potential *\*compiler\** error would at least cut the time spent searching for mysterious bugs down to almost zero. Granted, it would still allow a lot of perfectly fine routines to suddenly become non-functional simply because someone happened to add some function, and I agree, that's not acceptable. But a temporary solution is better than *\*no\** solution.

A "forward\_variable" statement could of course be implemented with no additions to the language, with a statement like "if 0 then arr = 0". That shouldn't leave much room for doubt if the compiler would listen.....

Stein Vidar

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