
Subject: Explain Contour Plot to Me

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 09 Sep 2011 19:39:46 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Folks,

OK, forget labeling the color bar. I can live without that.

I would consider the week a triumph if someone could just explain to me, like I was a 10 year old child, how to use the IDL 8.1 contour function to produce a contour plot with four colors of my choosing. The colors will be used like this:

Data between 0.00 and 0.25 should be red.

Data between 0.25 and 0.50 should be blue.

Data between 0.50 and 0.75 should be green.

Data between 0.75 and 1.00 should be yellow.

Here is the program I am trying to run, using some ideas from Mark Piper's program from yesterday. You see two different ways of trying to get the Colorbar() colors right. One of which actually works. But neither of the Contour() plots have the right colors. The Coyote Graphics plot at the end is what I am trying to achieve.

PRO ContourTest

```
; Create a simple, random dataset for contouring:
```

```
data = RANDOMU(-3L, 9, 9)
```

```
LoadCT, 0
```

```
TVLCT, 255, 0, 0, 0
```

```
TVLCT, 0, 0, 255, 1
```

```
TVLCT, 0, 255, 0, 2
```

```
TVLCT, 255, 255, 0, 3
```

```
TVLCT, rr, gg, bb, /GET
```

```
rgb = Transpose([rr[0:3],[gg[0:3],[bb[0:3]]])
```

```
Help, rgb
```

```
rgb = Congrid(rgb, 3, 256)
```

```
levels =[0.0, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75]
```

```
; Contour function try 1.
```

```
w1 = Window(DIMENSIONS=[500, 400])
```

```
ctr=contour(data, /CURRENT, C_VALUE=levels, $
```

```

    POSITION=[0.1, 0.1, 0.9, 0.8], /FILL, $
    RGB_TABLE=rgb, $
    AXIS_STYLE=2)
names = String(levels,FORMAT='(F0.2)')

cb = Colorbar(TARGET=ctr, $
    POSITION=[0.1, 0.85, 0.9, 0.9])

rgb = Transpose([[rr[0:3]], [gg[0:3]], [bb[0:3]]])
Help, rgb

; Contour function try 2.
w2 = Window(DIMENSIONS=[500, 400])
ctr=contour(data, /CURRENT, C_VALUE=levels, $
    POSITION=[0.1, 0.1, 0.9, 0.8], /FILL, $
    RGB_TABLE=rgb, RGB_INDICES=Indgen(4), $
    AXIS_STYLE=2)
names = String(levels,FORMAT='(F0.2)')

cb = Colorbar(TARGET=ctr, $
    POSITION=[0.1, 0.85, 0.9, 0.9])

; Coyote graphics.
cgWindow, WXSize=500, WYSize=400
cgContour, data, LEVELS=levels, C_COLORS=Indgen(4), $
    POSITION=[0.1, 0.1, 0.9, 0.8], /FILL, /ADDCMD
cgColorBar, NCOLORS=4, RANGE=[0,1], FORMAT='(F0.2)', $
    DIVISIONS=4, /FIT, /ADDCMD
END

```

If you can get this to me before Nadal beats Roddick,
you will get bonus credit, which can be used to ask
function graphics questions at some time in the future. ;-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")