
Subject: Re: Colorbar Thinking in the Shower

Posted by [Mark Piper](#) on Tue, 13 Sep 2011 20:05:40 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On 9/13/2011 10:28 AM, David Fanning wrote:

- > the problem of displaying
- > two data sets, each with a different data range,
- > with a single color bar to explain the colors in
- > each?

Here's an example of displaying two plots with differing ranges, referenced by a single colorbar. It suffers from the same drawbacks as the other examples I've posted, but maybe it can be a starting point for discussion.

mp

```
pro ng_twoplots_singlecolorbar
  compile_opt idl2

  ; Example functions to plot. The first (f1) has a range of [0,100], the
  ; second (f2) a range of [0,70].
  d = dist(41)
  max1 = 100.0
  max2 = 70.0
  f1 = d / max(d) * max1
  f2 = d / max(d) * max2

  ; Explicitly set 11 contour levels: [0, 10, 20, ... 100].
  n_levels = 11
  levels = findgen(n_levels)/(n_levels-1)*max1

  ; Make a step color table for the first contour plot. The color
  table STEP_CT
  ; is a [256,3] array, but there are only n_levels=11 distinct colors (to
  ; check, load & view the color table in XPALETTE). The indices into
  the color
  ; tables (both original and step) are contour levels interpolated to
  the
  ; range of color table indices (i.e., the byte range).
  ct_number = 4
  ct_indices = bytscl(levels)
  loadct, ct_number, rgb_table=ct, /silent
  step_ct = congrid(ct[ct_indices, *], 256, 3)

  ; Display the first function using the step color table and the
  ; interpolated indices.
```

```

c1 = contour(f1, $
  layout=[2,1,1], $
  c_value=levels, $
  rgb_table=step_ct, $
  rgb_indices=ct_indices, $
  /fill, $
  title='Max = ' + strftime(max1,2), $
  window_title='Discrete Colorbar Example')

; Display the second function using the original color table and the
; interpolated indices.
c2 = contour(f2, $
  layout=[2,1,2], $
  /current, $
  c_value=levels, $
  rgb_table=ct_number, $ ; compare with c1
  rgb_indices=ct_indices, $
  /fill, $
  title='Max = ' + strftime(max2,2))

; Display colorbar with first contour plot as a target. It needs
n_levels + 1
; ticks to make labels line up correctly.
tick_labels = [strftime(fix(levels), 2), "] ; append empty string
cb = colorbar( $
  target=c1, $
  ticklen=0, $
  major=n_levels+1, $
  tickname=tick_labels, $
  font_size=8, $
  position=[0.2, 0.06, 0.8, 0.09])
end

```
