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Subject: Re: compute quartiles of a distribution

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Tue, 18 Oct 2011 16:25:10 GMT

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bing999 writes:

- > The procedures in summary.pro and cgBoxPlot.pro compute "real"
- > quartiles. Actually, I should not have used this word in my case i
- > guess.
- >
- > What I want is the interval  $[M-Q; M+Q]$  which encompass 75% of the
- > values of the sample around the mean (not the median) value  $M$ , where  $Q$
- > is unique (i.e the same at lower and higher values around  $M$ ). I do not
- > want the 37.5% above  $M$  and the 37.5% below. It makes a little
- > difference with what is calculated with your routines.
- > The idea would be to span the sample starting from the mean, and
- > counting the points at lower and higher values around the mean in an
- > iterative manner, until I have counted 75% of sample. This would give
- > the value of  $Q$  at which the 75% is reached. I have a crude idea to do
- > that with for loops but it will take forever...

I'm guessing you are going to have a hard time  
explaining to your reviewers why your "fake"  
quartiles are better than the statistically  
justifiable real quartiles. :-)

Cheers,

David

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Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.idlcoyote.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

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