

---

Subject: Re: Random sample selection without replacement (using  
IMSL\_RANDOM\_SAMPLE)

Posted by [Michael Galloy](#) on Fri, 21 Oct 2011 16:14:23 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

On 10/21/11 3:59 AM, Patrick Leinenkugel wrote:

> Hello,  
> I like to generate a random selection (eg. 5 samples) of a population  
> without replacement from a one dimensional array with n samples (eg.  
> n=100). I tried to use the IMSL\_RANDOM\_SAMPLE function which works  
> fine if I have (k,n) dimensional arrays (k variables (e.g k=2), n  
> samples( e.g n=100)).  
> For one dimensional arrays, however, the command  
>  
> samp = IMSL\_RANDOM\_SAMPLE(5, pop)  
>  
> results in the error message: "IMSL Error: IMSL\_RANDOM\_SAMPLE:  
> Terminal error: STAT\_BAD\_NROW\_NSAMP: NROW = 1 and NSAMP = 5. Since  
> there is only one invocation of this function, NROW must be greater  
> than or equal to nsamp."  
>  
> Can anyone tell me what I do wrong or has a nother way to easily  
> generate random selection without replacement.  
> Thanks,  
> Patrick

I use my own routine, MG\_SAMPLE. Here is the code:

[http://docs.idldev.com/idllib/analysis/mg\\_sample.pro](http://docs.idldev.com/idllib/analysis/mg_sample.pro)

Docs here:

[http://docs.idldev.com/idllib/analysis/mg\\_sample.html](http://docs.idldev.com/idllib/analysis/mg_sample.html)

It works by creating a random array of size n and finding the indices of  
the smallest k elements (using a HISTOGRAM approach instead of SORTing  
the entire array).

Mike

--

Michael Galloy  
[www.michaelgalloy.com](http://www.michaelgalloy.com)  
Modern IDL, A Guide to Learning IDL: <http://modernidl.idldev.com>  
Research Mathematician  
Tech-X Corporation

---