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Subject: Re: read a C written binary file with IDL

Posted by [manodeep@gmail.com](mailto:manodeep@gmail.com) on Fri, 10 Feb 2012 04:56:23 GMT

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Hi,

This is because C pads the structure to produce alignments. Under 'normal' operations, you would expect MyStruct to be 20 bytes, however, if you do a `sizeof(struct MyStruct)`, you will probably see that the size is 24. (And you can enable the warning for gcc by using the compile time option `-Wpadded`).

In general, the padding is compiler specific -- so there is no standard way of reading in those binary files into IDL/other codes. The best bet would be to write out the individual fields of the structure and then read them back into IDL.

HTH,  
Manodeep

On Feb 9, 9:44 pm, bing999 <[thibaultga...@gmail.com](mailto:thibaultga...@gmail.com)> wrote:

```
> Hi,
>
> I am having a problem with reading a C written binary file with IDL.
> It may come from differences of type definitions between C and IDL but
> I could not really figure out from Google...
>
> In C, it writes a structure containing the following variable types:
>
> struct MyStruct
> {
>   int a;
>   long long b;
>   int c;
>   float d;
>
> };
>
> Then, in IDL, I read this with:
>
> MyStruct = { $
>     a      : 0L, $
>     b      : 0LL, $
>     c      : 0L, $
>     d      : 0.0 $
> }
>
> openr, 1, filename, /SWAP_IF_BIG_ENDIAN
```

> readu, 1, MyStruct  
> close, 1  
>  
> but this gives me wrong values.  
>  
> Did I miss something about the type conversion??  
>  
> If someone could please clarify this, it would really help!  
> Thanks !

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